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Regd No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 18 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

GONDAL RASA SHALA AUSHADHASHRAM
The Premier Manufacturer of Genuine & Scientific AYURVEDIC MEDICINES
Head Office :— GONDAL, Kathiawar.
STOCKISTS WANTED
Bombay Office:— 411, Vasantwadi, KALBADEVI Road.
Richey Road, AHMEDABAD.

BRITISH ADVANCE INTO ERITREA

Italians Evacuate Kassala

INTENSE ARTILLERY ACTIVITY AROUND TOBRUK

Increasing Italian Losses On All Fronts

CAIRO, January 21.

The British advance into Eritrea is proceeding satisfactorily, according to reports received from Sudan Front late on Monday night.

The number of Italian troops retreating from Kassala is estimated to be between 5,000 and 8,000, mainly composed on native troops officered by Italians and including a sprinkling of Blackshirt formations.

The British pressure from without, Abyssinian agitation from within, dwindling petrol supplies, wear and tear of motor transport and lengthy communications are all presumed to be contributory factors to the withdrawal.

EVACUATION OF KASSALA

ROME, Jan. 21.

The evacuation of Kassala is announced in to-day's Italian High Command "communique" which also records R.A.F. on Catania (Sicily) and the Albanian port of Valona.

On the Greek Front, normal activity of patrols is reported.

In Cyrenaica, increased artillery activity around Tobruk and enemy activity on Tobruk is reported.

Some material damage was caused.—Reuter.

PUSHING ON INTO ERITREA

LONDON, Jan. 21.

British forces have now occupied Tessenei and Sabdarat to the south-east and north-east of Kassala respectively and are pushing on into Eritrea, according to authoritative quarters in London where it is pointed out that British operations on this Front do not for a moment mean a full scale invasion of Eritrea.

These operations at present are part of a scheme to keep the Italians gradually in retreat.—Reuter.

On Albanian Front

HEAVY ITALIAN CASUALTIES

LONDON, Jan. 21.

Italian casualties in Albania were estimated at 30,000 in authoritative circles in London today.

According to official Italian figures, their casualties in Albania are 2,081 killed and 6,515 wounded

The Greeks have taken 16,000 prisoners together with a thousand deserters. The number of sick Italians are officially estimated at 20,000.

It is believed that the Italians have given smaller numbers of killed and wounded than is actually the case so that the round figure of 50,000 is regarded as not far wrong.—Reuter.

DOGFIGHTS OVER PIRAEUS

One Italian Bomber Brought Down

ATHENS, Jan. 21.

Dogfights high over Piraeus the Port of Athens yesterday between British fighters and Italian bombers resulted in one Italian bomber being brought down, a member of the crew parachuting on an island off the harbour entrance.

A British fighter was also lost. Some 50 workers' homes were destroyed in the day's two raids and there were a number of civilian casualties.

The first wave erratically bombed the waterfront. The second wave scored no hits on the harbour or shipping but 249 adobe houses built by refugees from the Asia Minor in 1922 were destroyed.—Reuter.

ATTACK ON TOBRUK

CAIRO, Jan. 21.

A British attack on Tobruk, an Italian seaport 75 miles west of Bardia, is announced in a 'communique' issued by the G.H.Q. at Cairo this afternoon.

The 'communique' says: Early this morning an attack was launched on Tobruk and operations are proceeding satisfactorily.

In Kassala area, British troops are vigorously pursuing Italian forces which are continuing their withdrawal to the eastwards of frontier.

In the Metemma area, enemy artillery and aircraft have been active without causing any relaxation in our pressure.

On the frontiers of Kenya, our patrolling continues.—Reuter.

R. A. F. Raid On Assab

R.A.F. raided Assab and scored direct hits on a supply depot.

The South African Air Force successfully bombed Negherili Abyssinian Administrative buildings and surrounding motor transport. Fires were caused and a large number of vehicles in the Car Park were destroyed or damaged.

From all operations mentioned our aircraft returned successfully.

The "communique" adds that one British fighter which was reported not to have returned to base in the "communique" of January 19 is now reported to be safe.—Reuter.

TWO ITALIAN PLANES SHOT DOWN?

ATHENS, Jan. 21.

Two enemy planes which raided Piraeus on Monday are reported to have been shot down and it is officially stated that there were few civilian casualties.

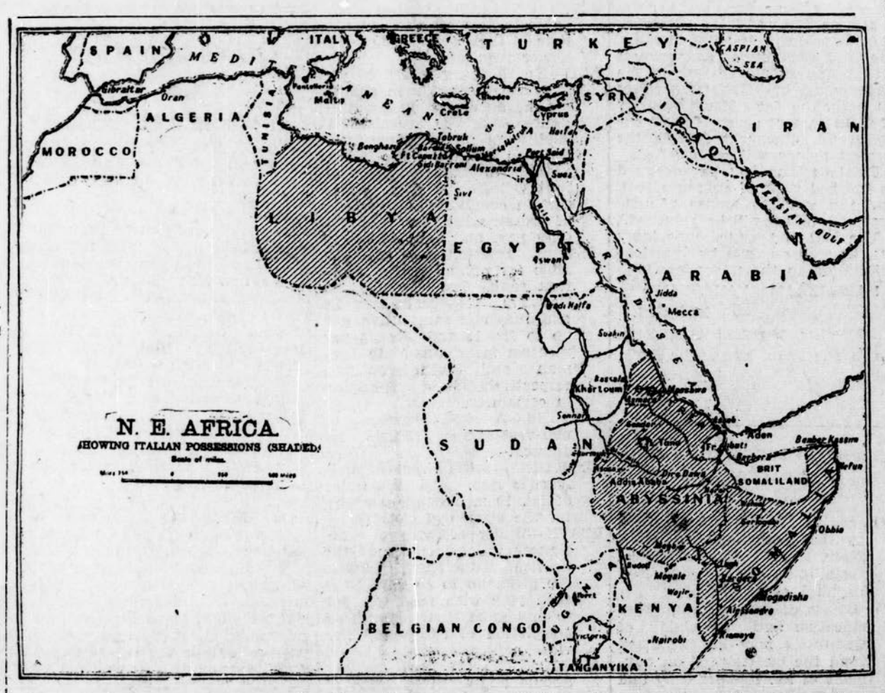
An official spokesman said that after destroying a 'wolves' division in Albania the Greeks ejected Italians from 45 positions in the centre sector and occupied strategic heights.

In the other sector, the Greeks shelled and machinegunned the enemy, inflicting heavy losses.—Reuter.

Capture Of More Prisoners And Arms

ATHENS, Jan. 21.

Successful local activity and the capture of prisoners, mortars and arms is reported in a Greek army "communique" issued on Monday night.—Reuter.



British forces are reported, after the capture of Kasaala, to be Advancing into Eritrea.

Peace Aims Not Lost Sight Of While Winning War

Churchill's Announcement In Commons: Bevin On Increased Armament Production

LONDON, January 21.

In concentrating his efforts on the supreme task of winning the war, Mr. Winston Churchill is not overlooking the problem of post-war reconstruction and is ready "when a good opportunity presents itself" to enlarge upon the Government's war and peace aims.

Peace Aims Under Consideration

The Prime Minister put this view in a nutshell in the Commons to-day when he said: "Most of the right-minded people here and abroad, especially in the United States, already fully understand the causes and principles for which we are waging the war upon Nazi tyranny. The Government is always on the lookout for any opportunity of making a statement that would help our victory and liberate nations now ground down under the German yoke. I am not, however, able to add anything at present."

TELL ITALY FRANKLY

One member, Sir Stanley Reed suggested to the Prime Minister to consider definitely advising the Italian people of the British Commonwealth's peace aims so that they might be under no misapprehension about the purpose for which they were being called to fight.

Mr. Churchill recalled his recent broadcast and said that he did not propose to add anything to it at the moment.

No Reply From Italy

Britain's hint that she is willing to facilitate removal of Italian women and children to safety from Abyssinia, Eritrea and Somaliland, if Italy desires, has so far brought no response from Italy.

Mr. Churchill was interrogated in the Commons as to whether Britain had made arrangements for evacuation.

The Prime Minister replied in the negative adding that any suggestion of this character should surely come from the Italian Government or the Commanders on the spot. In any case it would not be possible to interrupt the military operations now in progress, he said.

PRODUCTION OF ARMAMENTS AND PLANES

Several New R. A. F. Squadrons In Libya And Greece

Substantal grounds for reassurance about Britain's aeroplane and munition supplies were given by the Labour Minister, Mr. Ernest Bevin, in the House of Commons to-day when opening a debate on the organisation of the nation's manpower and production on which in a growing degree, criticism centred in political circles in recent weeks.

In view of the importance of the matter, the Government have allocated two days to the debate. "Supply of aircraft which started as a small stream has grown to the size of a river and will soon reach full flow," said Mr. Bevin, "by a combinition of British effort and the aid we shall get from the New World, we are contemplating superiority in the air which will contribute in no small measure to bring us final victory Many of the American aeroplanes have been successfully flown across the Atlantic in bad winter weather, which is a tribute to the design and workmanship of

(Continued on page 7. col. 1)

WOMEN STUDENTS GO ON STRIKE

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

Four-hundred women students of the Vidyasagar College went on strike to-day as a protest against the decision of the authorities to change the class hours from noon to morning..—United Press.

COLLISION ON E. I. RAILWAY

Six Passengers And Guard Injured

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 21

Six passengers and the Guard of No. 144 Down Passenger were injured when the train collided with 418 Down Goods Train between Harangau and Firozabad stations, yesterday, reports the Divisional Superintendent, E.I. Railway, in a communication today.

The goods stock, the communication adds, was slightly damaged, and no damage was done to the track. Single-line working was introduced on the Up Line, and the Down Line remained blocked. Transhipment is not considered necessary.

The injured are:

(1) L. Mitho Mea of Firozabad (without ticket);

(2) Nandoomal contractor Agra Gate;

(3) Ramchand Agarwala, Vice-President, Municipal Committee, Shikohabad;

(4) Harkishanlal, merchant, Shikohabad.

(5) Rajpal, merchant and commission agent, care of Dharamsingh Gokuldas, Bhanngaon (Berar);

(6) Diphisham Ramanuj Badhco (without ticket); and

(7) R. B. Job, the railway guard. —United Press.

Japanese Premier Warns Diet

"Empire To-day Faces Gravest Emergency In Its History"

TOKYO, January 21.

"Our Empire to-day faces the gravest emergency in its history" declared the Premier, Prince Konoye, addressing the House of Peers when the Diet met after the New Year recess.

The Premier gravely warned the Diet that "we must perfect the national structure devoted to National Defence by developing to the highest degree the total power of the Nation in order to procure sufficient armaments for the execution of our National policies.

Out To Establish New Order

"Abroad, we must achieve the vast development of our National destinies by taking appropriate measures in the light of international developments designed to establish the New Order throughout Greater East Asia mainly based upon the objectives of the China affair."

Prince Konloye asserted that by conclusion of the Three Power Pact, Japan sought "to attain the great objective of securing World Peace and achieving stability in Greater East Asia."

Japan, he added, did not desire any extension of the conflict but various obstacles still lay in her path.—Reuter.

WAR MINISTER'S OPTIMISM

TOKYO, Jan. 21.

"There is a brilliant ray of hope for bringing the Sino-Japanese conflict to a successful conclusion," Lieutenant General Tojo, War Minister, told packed Upper and Lower Houses of the Diet.

He admitted, however, that Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek possessed 260 divisions, two millions strong with about 200 aircraft and he concluded in a less optimistic vein by declaring that General Peace between Japan and China cannot be expected in the near future.—Reuter.

Prince Konoye

Anglo-Soviet Relations

LONDON, January 21

When the question of Anglo-Soviet relations was raised in the Commons, Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, recalled that the British Government for their part had made proposals for an Anglo-Soviet agreement on June 15 and October 21 last year. Suggestions for wider political understanding were also made in October 22.

These various proposals had not been taken any further by the Soviet Government.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

DEBATE ADJOURNED

LONDON, Jan. 21.

The debate on manpower and production was adjourned until another day, when Mr. Churchill is expected to wind up for the Government.—Reuter.

U. S. NAVAL APPROPRIATIONS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.

By 130 votes to nil the House of Representatives approved of an appropriation of 75 million sterling to strengthen the Navy's protection against air attack. This was the first bill to be passed by the House at the 77th Congress.—Reuter.

Br. Cabinet Secretary Suspended

Boothby's Conduct Derogatory To Dignity Of Parliament

LONDON, January 21

A sensation has been caused in political circles by the report of the Select Committee of the House of Commons which inquirred into the conduct of Mr. Robert Boothby, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Food, in connection with the payment out of Czech assets in Britain of claims against the Czech Government and institutions.

The committee finds that "Mr. Boothby's conduct was contrary to the usage and derogatory to the dignity of the House and inconsistent with the standards which Parliament is entitled to expect from its members."

The committee declares itself satisfied that a promise to pay Mr. Boothby a considerable sum of money was given on the understanding that he would render services in return including political speeches and pressure on Ministers of the Crown and Treasury officials.

Mr. Boothby was suspended from duty at his own request when the inquiry was instituted.—Reuter.

GERMAN OFFICIAL'S MISSION TO BEIRUT

LONDON, Jan. 21.

A High German official has recently arrived in Beirut states the Jerusalem correspondent of the Independent French Agency.

Attached to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, he has already carried out various important missions for the Wilhelmstrasse the correspondent adds.

The Agency says that he came 'via' Turkey where he had to wait for some time before obtaining entry into Syria and Lebanon.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p. c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Competent Surveyor by an architect, Apply Box No. 14129 "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications invited, Haji Bachuali Eye hospital, Parel, post Assistant Honorary Aural Surgeon from registered medical practitioners with special qualifications. Apply Dr. M. K. Sathe, Honorary Secretary. (14124)

Wanted for about six months 3 Examiners of Stores with Concrete experience. Good general education with experience of at least five years in concrete work. Salary Rs. 150|- per mensem. Post purely temporary terminable without notice. Applications should reach the Controller of Inspection, Indian Stores Department, Reserve Bank Building, Bombay, not later than 25th January. (4167)

Wanted—For Mukand Swarup Municipal Female Hospital, Sikandrabad, (i) a Lady Doctor, M.B., B.S. or S.A. Surgeon. Free unfurnished quarter and private practice allowed out of hospital hours: (ii) a qualified and experienced Midwife; and (iii) a female compounder. Applications stating minimum pay along with attested certificates should reach the undersigned by the 15th Feb. 1941. Chairman, Municipal Board Sikandrabad (Bulandshahr). (4163)

Wanted candidates for stationmaster and signaller's course scholarship Rs. 30|- and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps The Director All India Railway Routine Training Institute Delhi. (14023)

62. TO BE LET.

To Let—At Cambata Building, Churchgate Reclamation, most up-to-date airy and commodious flat for residence and offices and shops at reduced rents. Unique situation. Apply Manager on premises. (14120)

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

A Modern Office Room nearly 500' sq. 18' ceiling, with a gallery. Reduced Rent Rs. 30|-. Apply Zoroastrian Association, 16 Elphinstone Circle. (14127)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

No. 866 of 1941.

THE WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURESHIP

The SYNDICATE of the University of Bombay hereby invite applications for the appointment of the Wilson Philological Lecturer for the year 1941-42. The Lecturer will be required to deliver in Bombay during the cold weather term of that year, i.e., during the period between November, 1941 and March, 1942, a course of about six lectures on "HEBREW". The honorarium for the whole course is Rs. 750|-. No travelling or other allowances will be paid to the selected candidate for delivering the lectures in Bombay.

2. Applications giving full details regarding the academic attainments, teaching experience and other qualifications of the candidates, should be addressed to the Registrar, University of Bombay, and forwarded so as to reach him NOT LATER THAN SATURDAY, THE 22ND FEBRUARY, 1941.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 16th January, 1941. (4153)

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are requested to attend at the High Court on the 2nd floor on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd January, 1941, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.).

T. SINCLAIR KENNEDY,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 21st January, 1941. (4171)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS.

A Himalaya's herb of 100 years fame for Asthma relief to be taken one dose on 11th February (full moon). Apply: to Sidh Baba Sewa Ashram P. O. Chitrakot (Banda U. P.). (14121)

Free Consultation—For expert, honest and sympathetic advice in any sex problems or sexual disorder in either sex, consult Prof. Dr. Gambers—India's premier Sexologist, in Pfaff (opposite Lakshmi) Building, Pherozeshaw Mehta Road, 1 to 6 p.m. daily, telephone 34059. (14088)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Immediate Loans on Promissory Notes, Ornaments, Motors, Furniture, Business Machineries, Insurance, Properties etc., Bombay Loans Finance Corporation 203, Hornby Road also 66, Abdul Rehman Street and Balaram House, Charni Road, Tram Junction, opposite Hardinge. (14116)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted: Influential special Agents and organisers on decent terms for Bombay. Apply with yearly business expectation to Public Union Provident Insurance Co., Ltd., 89, Bechu Chatterjee St., Calcutta. (4149)

Wanted Influential Agents to purchase Tower Brand Washing Soaps. Cash. Apply the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (14072)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted: suppliers of Casein Glue, Bone Glue, Linseed Oil, Terpentine, Spirit, Polishes, Glycerine, Silver and Gold Foils, Pint Resein, Chalk and other Chemicals. Machinery: One small Veneer Peeling Lathe (used in Match Factories) new or second hand. Apply with quotations to:—Mysore Arts, Frame and Wood Industries Ltd., Ulsoorgate, Bangalore City. (14128)

Public Notices

FOR SALE OF A SPINNING & WEAVING MILL AT MORVI.

SEALED OFFERS ARE INVITED for the sale of a cotton Spinning & Weaving Mill (in working condition) having three boilers, engines, nearly 13400/- Spindles and nearly 400 looms with all its machinery, Stores, process and buildings (area built upon 1,57,-325 sq. ft.) on 13 acres of land; the Mill has a special railway siding and water-works arrangement; and being in the centre of high grade cotton district and in close proximity of the State Port of Navlakhi, it is ideally situated to command Kathiawar, Sindh, Northern India, Southern India and African markets.

No offer below four lakhs is likely to be considered. Purchaser will be given possession free from any liability.

Offers should be accompanied with a cheque for Rs. 10,000/- drawn in favour of Mr. Narbheram Vanechand Parekh, Member, the Mill Committee, as earnest money and should be sent to the undersigned by Registered Post on or before the 31st January 1941. In case of acceptance of the offer and subsequent default, the earnest money will be forfeited.

Final decision will be declared in the 2nd week of February 1941, and the earnest money of non-accepted offers will be returned.

The Mill and the machinery can be seen on site by previous intimation to the undersigned.

NARBHERAM VANECHAND PAREKH.
Member, the Mill Committee,
C/o The Morvi Mercantile Bank,
Morvi. 4160.

NOTICE TO ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

(1) Sealed tenders are invited by the State Engineer, Morvi State, Morvi for Electrical Installation work at the New Hospital at Morvi.
(2) Copies of tender form, Specification and Schedule of Quantities may be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 10|- per copy and any further information during Office hours.
(3) Tenders must be returned to the Architects' Office on or before noon on MONDAY, the 17th February 1941, with a Cash Deposit of Rs. 1,000|-.
(4) The State Engineer, Morvi State, Morvi reserve the right of accepting the lowest or any tender.

GREGSON, BATLEY & KING.
Chartered Architects.
Chartered Bank Building, Fort,
Bombay, 20th. January, 1941. (4125)

NOTICE TO SANITARY & PLUMBING CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED by the State Engineer, Morvi State, Morvi for Drainage, Sanitary and Water supply works at the New Hospital at Morvi.
(2) Copies of tender form, Specification and Schedule of Quantities may be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 10|- per copy and any further information during Office hours.
(3) Tenders must be returned to the Architects' Office on or before noon on MONDAY, the 17th February 1941, with a Cash Deposit of Rs. 2,500|-.
(4) The State Engineer, Morvi State, Morvi reserve the right of accepting the lowest or any tender.

GREGSON, BATLEY & KING.
Chartered Architects.
Chartered Bank Building, Fort,
Bombay, 20th. January, 1941. (4124)

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

(1) Sealed tenders are invited by the State Engineer, Morvi State, Morvi for the erection of a New Hospital at Morvi.
(2) Copies of tender forms, Specification and Schedule of Quantities may be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 15|- per copy and any further information during Office hours.
(3) Tenders must be returned to the Architects' Office on or before noon on MONDAY, the 17th February 1941, with a Cash Deposit of Rs. 10,000|-.
(4) The State Engineer, Morvi State, Morvi reserve the right of accepting the lowest or any tender.

GREGSON, BATLEY & KING.
Chartered Architects.
Chartered Bank Building, Fort,
Bombay, 20th. January, 1941. (4123)

Public Notices

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY.

VACANCIES exist in the Seamen and Stoker Branches of the Royal Indian Navy. Applicants must be British Subjects.

QUALIFICATIONS.

AGE.—Between 17-1/2—24 years.
EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS.—Applicants are required to be able to answer simple questions on Percentages, Averages and Areas, and to speak and write English or Hindustani as written in Urdu or Roman characters.
ENROLMENT.—The enrolment period is for ten years, five years or less in the Active Service, the remainder in the Royal Indian Fleet Reserve. On completion of this period, if found satisfactory in all respects and provided vacancies exist, enrolment may be made for further periods.
DISCHARGE.—All ratings are liable to be discharged at any time if their services are no longer required.
PAY.—Rs. 20 rising to Rs. 85 per mensem provided men qualify for advancement in accordance with the regulations. Additional pay varying from Rs. 2 to Rs. 40 per mensem is payable to Ratings and Warrant Officers serving under certain conditions, on account of Expatriation, Batta, Extra duty pay, and messing allowance. Selected men are eligible for promotion to Warrant rank. Pay Rs. 130 to Rs. 270 per mensem. In addition, non-substantive pay up to Rs. 14 and Rs. 4 per mensem is granted to Seaman and Stoker ratings, respectively, who specialise in certain branches.
RATIONS.—A liberal scale of non-vegetarian rations is allowed.
CLOTHING.—Initial issue of uniform is free. An allowance of Rs. 10 is allowed quarterly for the upkeep of clothing.
LEAVE.—Under ordinary circumstances the exigencies of the Service permitting, ratings are given up to 60 days leave each year with free passage to and from their homes on completion of two years' service.
APPLICANTS.—(1) *Local.* Should apply in person at the Main Gate of H. M. I. Dockyard between 9 to 9-30 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays of each week.
(2) *Up country.* Should apply in writing, stating age and educational qualification to the Commanding Officer, Depot, H. M. I. Dockyard, Bombay, marking envelopes "RECRUIT". 3930

Legal Notices

IN THE COURT OF THE EXTRA JOINT-SUB-JUDGE, MR. N. B. CHANDRACHAUD AT POONA.

Civil Suit No. 247 of 1940,

Exh. No. 11.

Summons for Settlement of Issues (Civ. Pro. Code, O. 5, rr. 1, 5).

CHATTERBHAU OKAJI & Co., (a joint Hindu family firm) residing at Poona .. Plaintiffs.
Against
(1) K. KRISHNASWAMI IYER, age 45, Asstt. Acctt. Pay Section, M.A.G.'s Office Old Delhi, (2) Mrs. KUPPAMAL alias SANADAMTAL wife of K. Krishnaswami Iyer .... Defendants.

To,
Defendants 1 & 2

Whereas the plaintiffs have instituted a suit against you for awarding Rs. 2,210|- balance due on a pronote, dated 23-2-1937, along with the costs of the Suit and future interest you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person, or by a pleader instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the Twelfth day of February, 1941, at 11 o'clock before noon (12-2-1941) to answer the claim; and you are directed to produce on that day all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Also take notice that in default of your filing an address for service on or before the date mentioned you are liable to have your defence struck out.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 16th day of January, 1941.

K. H. MAHAJAN,
Clerk of the Court.
Seal of First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona. (4166)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT OF ADEN COLONY.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of ASSISTANT MEDICAL OFFICERS, in ADEN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. Applicants must be M.B.B.S., of any Indian University, two years' agreement, Salary Rs. 200 rising to Rs. 300 by annual increments of Rs. 10, free quarters, free water and 2nd class passage. Apply to Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw and Bros., Agents: Government of Aden Colony, 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. (4164)

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

SALE WILL BE HELD IN BOMBAY

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTIES SITUATE AT MAHABALESHWAR AND NEW QUEEN'S ROAD BOMBAY.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of the insolvent Maneckji Hormusji Lelinwalla, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by public auction on THURSDAY, 20th February, 1941, at 3-0 P.M (S. T.) at their rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the said insolvent and of the mortgagees Bai Bachubai, wife of Ratanji Maneckji Pochkhanawalla and Dinshaw Sorabji Gandhi in the following properties.

LOT NO. 1.—All that piece of land together with the Bungalows standing thereon known as Maneck Villa and Parvati Villa with out-houses and furniture, pots and pans lying therein situate in Malcolm Peth, Mahabaleshwar, admeasuring about 4 acres and 5 gunthas and bearing City Survey Nos. 131 and 132 and bounded, on the East by the property called Lake View, on the West by the property known as Engineer's Store and on the North and South by Public Road.

LOT NO. 2.—The life interest of the insolvent in the moiety of the net rent and profit of the following property.

All those two pieces of Pension and Tax land forming one piece (now redeemed) together with the building standing thereon, situate at New Queen's Road, admeasuring about 2079 sq. yds. and bearing Collector's New Nos. 15, 229 and 237, New Survey No. 8032 (part), Cadastral Survey No. 14 of Girgaum Division, Municipal 'D' Ward New Nos. 1214 (2) (2 A) (3) and New Street Nos. 33-35, 31 and 29 and bounded on the East partly by the property of Bombay United Spg. and Wg. Co., and partly by the property of Kulsumbai, widow of Meherali Mahomed Fakira, on the West by New Queen's Road, on the North by the property of Sheriff Thaver and on the South by the property of Ebrahim Gulam Hussein.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Mehta Laljee and Co., Solicitors, at Oak Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Library As Instrument Of Democracy

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20.

The value of libraries in the spread and maintenance of literacy was stressed by Sir Maurice Gwyer in his inaugural address at the Delhi Library Association this evening.

"Libraries he said, are not merely collections, as they too often are, of dusty books on dusty shelves, but can be the most powerful and democratic instruments for the spread of culture and enlightenment that we have."

Mr. H. J. Evans, Deputy Commissioner presided.—A. P.

MUNICIPALITY CENSURED

Jury Recommend Life Belts For Drainage Labourers

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A rider asking the Bombay Municipality to supply life belts to labourers working in the Drainage Departments and to advertise to find out whether gas masks for the protection of labourers who have to clear up drainage are available was added by the jury at the inquest to-day, on the body of Yesho Ragho, a labourer, who died of suffocation due to sewage gas while working in the drain on January 6.

A verdict of accidental death was returned.

The rider further runs as follows:—"We are unanimously of the opinion that the authorities of the Drainage Department of the Municipality failed to take adequate precautions to prevent such occurrences especially when they were aware that two fatalities have occurred under similar circumstances in their own Department only two months ago.

"They must have been aware of similar fatalities which occurred recently at Bandra.

"Bombay Municipality being the premier Municipal body in India ought to study the question of devising all available precautions for preventing such fatalities, which precaution will be useful to other Municipalities in the country.

The jury concluded by saying that if any one invents such a gas mask, he should be adequately rewarded.

HISTORY OF EIRE

Mr. Shukla Revising His Book In Jail

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 20.

Of the former Congress Ministers detained under the Defence of India Rules, enquiries show that Pandit Ravishanker Shukla, former Premier of the Central Provinces and Berar, who is detained in the Seoni Jail, is devoting his time in revising his book, "Ireland-ki-Itihas", (The History of Ireland), while Pandit Dwarka Prasad Mishra, who is also with Pandit Shukla, in the Seoni Jail, is writing the life of Lord Krishna (Krishna-Charitra) in Hindi poems, on the lines of the 'Ramayan' by Tulsidas.

Pandit D. K. Mehta is writing a novel in English while Seth Govind Das, who is confined in the Central Jail, Jubbulpore, has already completed four dramas, and nine one-act-dramas and has read over fifty books on various subjects.

These 'satyagrahi' prisoners regularly spin for two hours a day either on 'takli' or on the 'charka'.—United Press.

Roger Mission In City

Will Meet Local Industrialists

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The British Ministry of Supply Mission headed by Sir Alexander Roger arrived in Bombay this morning for a brief stay in the city till about the week-end. The programme of the Mission during its stay here includes a visit to some of the factories. The members, it is understood, will also see some of the prominent industrialists.

The members of the Mission who arrived from Hyderabad (Deccan) were received at the Victoria Terminus by Mr. G. E. Bennet, Controller of supplies in Bombay.

"Morning Standard" Suspends Publication

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following announcement appears in to-day's "Morning Standard":

Standard newspapers of India, Ltd., the Proprietors of "The Morning Standard," have decided to suspend publication of their daily newspaper "The Morning Standard", from Wednesday, January 22nd, 1941, until the end of the present war.

BOMBAY GOVERNOR'S TOUR IN C. P.

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 21.

A slight modification in the tour programme of Sir Roger Lumley, the Governor of the Bombay Presidency, who is paying a visit to the Central Provinces, in the second week of the next month, is reported to have been made.—A. P.

Jinnah-Huq Correspondence

Mr. M. A. Jinnah has issued the following statement:—

"My attention has been drawn to a report emanating from Calcutta about my correspondence with Mr. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal. The report is far from correct. It does not correctly represent the correspondence. I don't know what the source of basis of the report is".—United Press.

Octroi Collections Stolen

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Jan. 20.

A sensational theft case of a bag of Rs. 1,300 was noted this noon at Station Road. Delhigate Octroi Naka, when Octroi and toll duty collection clerk of all the Octroi gates was taking tea after laying the bag by his side. The stolen amount of Rs. 1,300 was the amount of municipal Octroi duty of the Octroi and toll gates and was to be credited in the municipal office by the clerk.

Muslim Artisans To Confer

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 20.

A conference of Muslim "Peshawars" (Artisan) classes including the Jamiat-ul-Quraish, the Jamiat-ul-Ansar, Jamiat-ul Mansoor and others will be held on January 24.

Bhayya Rashiduddin the President-elect and the President of the All India Jamiat-ul-Quraish will arrive here on January 23.—A. P.

PROPER CARE NOW
means
SOUND TEETH LATER

As soon as baby's first teeth appear, dentists tell you to brush them at least twice a day with Kolynos.

Kolynos not only keeps the teeth clean and the delicate gums healthy but protects the teeth from the germs that cause tooth decay — no ordinary toothpaste can give this protection.

Brush your baby's teeth regularly with Kolynos and keep them clean and free from infection.

The Kolynos habit, started early in life, helps insure sound teeth later. Children love its pleasant, refreshing taste.

ECONOMIZE—BUY the LARGE TUBE

KOLYNOS
the economical
DENTAL CREAM

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

On The Air

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. For women. 5-45 Bismillah and party. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Chhutto Bai Banianewali. 6-30 Books about the war. 2. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 Ballet 1. 8-5 Bismillah and party. 8-20 It has happened. 8-25 Chhutto Bai Banianewali. 8-35 Faiyaz Mohammad. 8-45 Bande Hasan. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Gayak. 10 "Grapes of Wrath". 10-45 News in English.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. S. G. Mohiud-Din. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Yoga on the air. 8-32 Shanta Apte. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Tarabai Gadagkar. 9-20 G. N. Joshi. 9-40 Duets from the discs. 9-50 Air Quartet. 12-30 p.m. Marathi Bhavgeets. 12-45 Classical songs. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Music from the movies. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 European literature. 4-35 A Bhajan. 4-45 Hindustani. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Zd. Tufail. 5-20 Kashtatarang. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Tarabai Gadagkar. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Ninu Mazumdar. 6-20 Dhun Marwa. 6-30 Rafique Ghaznavi. 6-50 Bhajan in duets. 7 Our film songs. 2. 7-15 Gujarati garbas. 7-25 Talk of the town. 7-30 Amritlal. 7-45 Hamid Husain. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 Law for Laymen, 3. 8-45 Sound-news. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Gujarati songs. 10-10 Marathi Bhavgeet. 10-20 Ghazal and Geet. 10-35 Kannada Bhajan.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Sindhi songs. 8-15 Master Ebrahim. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay. 8-40 Rafique Ghaznavi. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Ratnaprabha. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 S. N. Chapekar. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Naat. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Tarabai Gadagkar. 8-15 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 G. N. Joshi. 9-20 Mumtaz Husain. 9-30 Esther Trindade. 9-45 Philharmonic Orchestra, Paris. 10 Howard Veers. 10-15 Air Symphonic Strings. 10-30 Raghbir Singh.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. Ashalata Roy. 5-10 Mushraf Hossain II. 5-20 Ashalata Roy. 5-30 Mushraf Hossain 2. 5-45 News in Bengali. 5-50 Badal Bhar. 6 News in English. 6-5 For the rural and industrial areas. 6-50 Realization of supreme truth. 7-20 Uttara Devi. 7-45 Poland in flames, 1. 8 "Jalim Singher Math". 8-40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 London pride. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 The Studio Septet.

Warning To Insurance Co.'s

Restrictions On Stamp Duty Concessions

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

The attention of the public, and particularly of life insurance companies, to the provisions of the Bombay Government's notification in the Revenue Department published in the "Bombay Government Gazette," Part IV-A, of January 9, which restricts only to instruments relating to the hypothecation of tangible movable property the concession regarding stamp duty previously admissible in respect of instruments evidencing agreements relating to the hypothecation of movable property for the repayment of money advanced or to be advanced by way of loan or of an existing or future debt.

Instruments evidencing agreements relating to the hypothecation of claims such as Claims on Life Insurance Policies, Goodwill, Outstandings, Debts. Claims for arrears of rent, Benefit of executory contract and Share in partnership are no longer entitled to the concession and will have to be stamped as mortgages.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. B.M.	Dep B.M.
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	8-55	18-10
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9-30	20-15
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Express	19-30	08-05
Allahabad Express	20-25	07-00
Poona Fast Passenger	21-45	13-10

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. B.M.	Dep. B.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-05
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Gujarat Mail	6-45	22-00
Kathiawar Mail	7-25	21-30
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee, Bulsar	*9-15	15-35
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat) (Except Monday)	10-58	00-00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00-00	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	19-05	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-48	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday.

British Government Buys Brazilian Cotton

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET QUIETLY STEADY

Trade Buying Meets Southern Hedging

Bombay: Jan. 21.

On Monday the New York cotton market was fairly steady with slow but steady mills and trade price fixing but towards the close the market was influenced by reports of British Government purchase of considerable quantities of Brazilian cotton.

CHICAGO MARKET

Chicago grains edged off on professional selling due to unencouraging securities, while foreign uncertainties exerted caution on the buying side.

NEW YORK MARKET

Comparatively higher prices of American cotton seems responsible for the purchase of Brazilian cotton by Britain. Moreover the British Government has to maintain large foreign credits and possibly they may have bought Brazilian cotton. Anyhow the New York market was influenced by this report and with increased offerings early gains were lost and particularly distant months suffered.

At the opening March was quoted 10.33, which was the lowest level and under trade and mill support prices advanced 6 pts from the opening level and March was quoted 10.39 which was the highest level. During the last hour there was increased selling and March was quoted 10.34. The session closed at a net decline of 1 to 8 pts. Spot Cotton prices closed 2 pts down at 10.57c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet with increased selling in distant deliveries which closed 10 pts down while near months were 1 to 3 pts lower. Spot cotton prices were reduced 2 pts to 10.09c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a decline of 2 pts with March 8.32. The market was thin and eased in sympathy with New York, but trade calling steadied prices. The session was inactive and featureless and closed at a decline of 2 pts to a rise of 2 pts. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 5 pts at 8.70d per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was quiet with scattered selling. Uppers futures declined 2 pts and Giza contracts closed 4 to 5 pts down.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 10.39+03 (1-43 p.m.); lowest 10.33—03 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool March highest 8.35+01; lowest 8.32—02.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool.—Market narrow and featureless. Business small. Undertone steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: Jan. 20.

March	10.34—02
May	10.40—01
July	10.28—03
October	9.81—08
December	9.77—06
January	9.74
Middling Spot	10.57—02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans: Jan. 20.

March	10.39—02
May	10.45—01
July	10.32—03
October	9.84—10
Middling Spot	10.09—02

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: Jan. 20. 11 a.m. Ranges. Noon call.

March	10.33	10.36
May	10.39	10.40
July	10.30	10.30

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York: Jan. 20.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	10,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	Nil.
Day's exports to China and Japan	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: Jan. 20.

January	8.25—02
March	8.34
May	8.34—01
July	8.34
October	8.24+02
Middling Spot	8.70—05

Govt. Warn Brokers

Maximum Penalty For Trespass Of Stamp Act

The Director of Information Bombay writes:

Pakka Adatias, Katchha Adatias, Commission Agents and other agents and brokers are, it is reported, ignoring the provisions of the Indian Stamp Act under which a note or memorandum sent by a broker or 'agent' intimating to his principal the purchase or sale on account of such principal of any goods exceeding Rs. 20 in value requires a four-anna stamp.

It is immaterial whether the broker or agent is known as a Katchha Adatia, a Pakka Adatia, a Commission Agent or by any other name, and any note or memorandum sent by him to his principal intimating the purchase or sale of goods on account of such principal requires such a stamp if the sale of the goods exceeds Rs. 20.

If any person fails adequately to stamp contract notes, he will be required to pay the maximum penal duty required by the provisions of the Indian Stamp Act and will also be prosecuted for each offence.

"WIN THE WAR" RUPEE FUND

Ladies' Committee, War Gifts Fund

The Bombay public are being wonderfully generous in buying the "Win the War" Rupee tickets which the members of the Ladies' Committee and their friends are so energetically selling just now. But the public must be encouraged to buy and buy and go on buying for alas the war still goes on and planes are more desperately needed as every day goes by. The public are not asked to give something for nothing—each ticket carries with it the chance of Rs. 10,000. Someone must win it. Frequently the sellers meet people who, when asked to buy, say "But I have already got a ticket" and when pressed to buy reply "But I've already got three tickets", as if that settled the matter and their responsibility ended there. Do these people realise what a plane costs? Do they realise that their contributions to the war must go on and must increase till the war is won? Do they realise what an infinitesimal price they are asked to pay compared to the men who are fighting and who have had to leave homes, wives, children, for the dangers of the battlefield? Let them picture to themselves modern warfare; on land tanks advancing crushing everything before them, shells screaming, bursting, throwing up clouds of earth and dealing death all round, the horrors of getting through barbed wire; in the air planes swooping, wheeling and diving in mortal combat raining showers of incendiary and high explosive bombs on the mortals below. We in India can sit in perfect safety—we must only give the money to pay for our protection. What a small thing is money compared to our personal safety—and the safety of our families!

The following is a further list of contributions to the War Gifts Fund through the Ladies' Committee:—

Rs. 71,352-8-4, Amount previously acknowledged; Rs. 2,247-4, Jumble sale through Mrs. Donald Hill; Rs. 70, Mrs. R. G. Paul, proceeds from sale of pickles; Rs. 50, Mrs. Jalandvala, monthly contribution; Rs. 35, Mr. Mitharamt Jesharam through Mrs. Jalandvala; Rs. 27-2-3, Hospitality Canteen box collection, R.A.F.; Rs. 25, Brittania Rules the Waves; Rs. 20, Anonymous (Miss M.); Rs. 11, Bai Jerbai K. Dadachanji and Mrs. Alamai J. Dadachanji; Rs. 10, Miss Merchant, I.A.F.; Rs. 5, Mr. D. Kanga; 124th Guide Company Bombay for Red Cross through Mrs. Laws. Grand Total: Rs. 73,857-14-7.

WAR HELP FETE AT THANA

Prince Asument Park, at the Police Parade ground, Thana was opened by Sir John Beaumont Kt., Chief Justice, at 4-30 p.m on Monday.

This Exhibition includes a number of amusements like Moti Dog jumping in the fire from 70 ft. high, Persian Wheel, Dodge Motor, Chair Balance, Wrestling, Walking on Ropes, etc. Dance and Bar are also open for visitors. Bombay Public are invited to enjoy their evenings and holidays at this Exhibition.

His Excellency the Governor will visit the Exhibition at 5-30 p.m. on Tuesday.

ALL-INDIA GROUNDNUT SYNDICATE

Plea For Exemption From Rebate To Government

The All-India Groundnut Syndicate Ltd., Bombay has issued the following Pressnote:—

Sir H. P. Dastur, Kt., Retired Chief Presidency Magistrate, and the Chairman, The All-India Groundnut Syndicate, Ltd., Bombay, has addressed a letter to the Commerce Member, to the Government of India in connection with the recent decision that shippers of groundnuts should pay a rebate to the Government of India of £1-5-0 per ton of groundnuts shipped from Madras and £0-15-0 per ton shipped from Bombay on account of the British Ministry of Food.

"The All-India Groundnut Syndicate, Ltd.," Sir H. P. Dastur says, cannot be classed as a merchant-shipper making a huge profit by buying at a low rate from the growers and selling at the high rate offered by the Ministry of Food, for the simple reason that it does not at all buy from the producers, but merely sells for them their produce to the Ministry of Food at the stipulated price. As a result, the producers get practically the whole of the price, there being no "huge profits representing the wide difference between the buying rates in India and the selling rates in London." Any demand for a rebate from the Syndicate, which is working in the interests of the producers in the circumstances, argues Sir Hormuzdyar, will amount to a demand for a rebate from the producers themselves and acts as a hardship on them, and therefore, pleads for an exemption from payment by the Syndicate of the said rebate.

Continuing, Sir H. P. Dastur, observes that, even as it is, the prices offered by the Ministry of Food are low enough, for last year groundnut had a market at above £12. The Syndicate itself sold Indian Groundnut in London at £12-2-6. He, therefore, prays that the Government of India should strive its best to maintain the present prices, if it cannot increase them.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. one crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 21st Jan. 1941. Total amount offered was Rs. 3,08,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99/12/9 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99/12/6 allotted approximately 21 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,09,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0/13/4 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. one crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 28th Jan. 1941. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 31st January 1941. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 17th January 1941, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,75,75,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

BOMBAY PRODUCE MARKET.

Bombay: Jan. 21.

The local Produce Market was quiet with a limited business. Groundnuts February opened at Rs. 26/4 and improved to Rs. 26/6. In ready Bold were done at Rs. 6/4 and Khandesh quality was done at Rs. 5/7. Castorseeds were quiet at Rs. 31/4. Cottonseeds January were quoted at Rs. 19/7 and May at Rs. 18/11. To-day 5500 candy tenders were issued against January and the total amounts to 18,300 candies. Linseed May opened at Rs. 5 and fluctuated between Rs. 5/0/3 and Rs. 5/14/9 and later steadied at Rs. 5/15/6. Ready business was done at Rs. 6/11. Wheat January was quoted at Rs. 4/11 and May at Rs. 3/15/6. Delhi Picci was quoted at Rs. 5/11/6 and Karachi Bangla at Rs. 6/3.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: Jan. 21.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Shipment December Rs. 8/10 F.B.H.
Shipment March Rs. 8/8 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ready ordinary Rs. 14/2 to 14/6
Ready large grain Rs. 14/7 to 15/8
Tone:—Steady.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: Jan. 21.

The market ruled fairly steady in the early part of the session, but later tended to decline somewhat. Tata Defds opened unchanged at 1840 and for a time moved between 1835 and 1845 but later eased off to 1830 and finally stood at 1832/8. Tata Ordinaries opened at 364 and after touching 365 were quoted lower at 363 improving to 363/8 at the close. Textiles ruled quiet with Bombay Dyeings being quoted at 1025. Associated Cements were easier quoting finally at 135/8. Indian Irons ruled lower at 29/14.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Defds (1840) 1840 35 45 30 32/8

Tata Ordinaries (364/8) 364 63/8 65 63 63/8

Tata Ordinary 363/8, Tata Defd 1832/8, Indian Iron 29/14, Bombay Dyeing 1025, Century 355, Central India 281/4, Kohinoor 375, Associated Cement 135/8, Bombay Burma 520 Scindia Steam 20/1, Tata Hydro 137/2, Reserve Bank 105/4, Imperial Bank F P 1570, Central Bank 45/2, Bank of India 142, 3 1/2 per cent Paper 95/1.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: Jan. 21.

Following a decline of 2 pts in New York cotton futures the local market was expected to open at Rs. 179/8 for Broach A/M delivery and the market being featureless prices opened at Rs. 179/8 and under scattered buying prices improved to Rs. 180. The market was steady as long interest is well liquidated but buyers are cautious pending Japanese developments. Trading was narrow.

Later on there was heavy selling as the monthly options were to be settled to-day. There was considerable tired selling and prices declined to Rs. 176/8. Liverpool opened one point down and Broach was quoted at Rs. 177. To-day there was considerable selling in Oomra with the result that the difference between Broach and Oomra widened. This decline in Oomra influenced selling by jobbers and the market was weak with prices reaching new low levels. There is utter absence of confidence. Later the market was steady at Rs. 177/8. The market was steady at this level and the market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G	Broach	April/May Rs. 177/0
F G M G	Broach	July/August Rs. 181/4
Fine M G	Oomra	Dec/Jan Rs. 146/0
Fine M G	Oomra	March Rs. 145/8
Fine M G	Oomra	May Rs. 147/8
F G M G	Bengal	Dec/Jan Rs. 124/8
F G M G	Bengal	March Rs. 123/0
F G M G	Bengal	May Rs. 124/0

COTTON PARITY

Bombay: Jan. 21.

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 422 penny pts at 1/6

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 412 penny pts at 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 348 cent pts at 331

Broach J/A below New York July 318 cent pts at 331.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: Jan. 20.

	UPPERS.	GIZA NO. 2
Spot	11.14+1	12.12—1
January	10.42—2	11.08—5
March	10.44—2	11.06—4
May	10.47—2	11.02—4
July	10.50—2	11.02—4
November	10.45—2	11.04—4

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: Jan. 20.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	180 1/2	177 3/4	179 3/4
Broach J/A	185	183	184 1/4
Oomra D/J	150	148 1/2	150
Oomra March	149 1/4	148	149
Oomra May	151 1/2	150	151
Bengal D/J	127 1/2	124 1/2	127 1/4
Bengal March	126 1/2	124	125 1/4
Bengal May	127	126	126 3/4

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: Jan. 21.

	Rs.as.ps.
Wheat May	0 5 6
Linseed May	0 8 0
Groundnut February	0 10 0
Groundnut May	2 6 0
Castorseed May	3 0 0
Cottonseed May	1 8 0
Silver 1st Settlement	0 14 0
Silver 2nd Settlement	1 6 0
Gold 1st Settlement	0 3 0
Gold 2nd Settlement	0 6 0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales.	1940/41	1939/40
Receipts to date 20-1-41	2582000	5517000
Receipts yesterday 20-1-41	10000	26000
Export to date 20-1-41	634000	3710000
Stock at Ports 17-1-41	3451000	3306000
Stock at interior towns do.	3292000	3123000
Stock at Liverpool 17-1-41	.....	.....
Visible supply 17-1-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 17-1-41	7789000	10244000
Quantity out of sight 17-1-41	.....	.....

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: Jan. 21.

	Ready. New.	Delivery Contract New Crop.
Bengal Fine	128/30	Jan. +2
Berar	152/55	+1
C. P. 1	171/73	+20
C. P. 2	155/62	+8
Khandesh	135/40	—10
Muglai	140/43	Feb.
Broach		Par.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: Jan. 21.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales.	2 days.	Since 1st Septr. This year.	Last year
Khandesh	797	48,965	40,984
Central India	910	35,353	43,303
Barsi & Nagar	1,711	46,933	83,955
Hyderabad/Gaorani	1,225	16,114	34,919
Berar	7,193	144,844	174,300
Central Provinces	1,517	22,715	39,442
Total Oomras	13,353	314,924	416,903
Dholeras	911	19,157	24,000
N.-W. Provinces		465	20,745
Rajputana		1,750	20,513
Sind-Punjab	2,228	227,494	241,935
Broach		9,452	2,006
Coompta & Dharwar		27,086	14,368
Westerns-Northerns		28,087	15,084
Cocoanada		239	50
Tinnevelly & Cambodia		522	1,204
Total	16,492	629,176	756,808
Arrived by road to 16th Jan. 1941		97,250	85,000

LONDON SEEDS

London: Jan. 20.

Rozario Santa Fe 20/3 Jan/Feb.
Barletta Russo not quoted.
South Australian 26.

LONDON RUBBER

London: Jan. 20.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 12-3/8.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: Jan. 20.

T T London on New York 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2, Madrid 40.50, Montreal 4.43/4.47, Berne 17.30/17.40, Stockholm 16.85/16.95.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 21.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 86-8
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 95-1
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 101-5
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 98-8
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 93-10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 102-1
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 108-2
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104-8
3 per cent War Bands 1946 101-2
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 113

TAX FREE LOANS.

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 112-6
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 114-8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 124

CORPORATION DEBENTURES.

4 per cent B P T 1974 108
4 per cent M Deb 1974 107-8
5 per cent M Deb 1959 116
6 per cent M Deb 1954 127
6 per cent K P T 1956 127

NOTE: Sellers predominated in 4 per cent. 60.70 Loan at 103-2 while 3-1/2 per cent. Paper was quoted at Rs. 95.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: Jan. 21.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02-1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York.

London spot silver was unchanged at 23-1/4d and forward quotation was also unchanged at 23 3/16d. The market was steady with a small demand.

New York spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents per ounce and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 5/16. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 62/1/6 and forward parity was Rs. 61/15.

The local market is fearing increase in silver import duty and on all setbacks there is moderate buying. The market was quietly steady. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range and quotations were as under:—

	GOLD	SILVER
Ready	Rs. 42 1 9	63 4 0
Maha	Rs. 42 2 0	63 2 0
Sovereigns:	Rs. 28/6/9	

LONDON SILVER

London: Jan. 20.

Spot	23 1/4
Forward	23 3/16

LONDON GOLD

London: Jan. 20.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Irregular Price Movement

London: Jan. 20.

On the Stock Exchange business was slow with price movements irregular. Tea shares, however, continue to meet good buying demand. Building shares and heavy industrials were supported. On the contrary some recent popular industrials met profit-taking. The Oil Market was quiet. Diamond shares were firm on good American demand, but Kaffirs were somewhat dull.

Wall-Street market was steady.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: Jan. 21.

Yarn No.	February	April	June
6 1/2s.	127	128	129
10 1/2s.	149	148	148
20 1/2s.	185	183	184
40s.	268	269	270

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay: Jan. 21.

		Rs.as.ps.
Castorseeds	May—	
	Opening	31 4 0
	Highest	31 5 0
	Lowest	31 1 0
	Closing	31 2 0
Groundnuts	February—	
	Opening	26 4 6
	Highest	26 7 6
	Lowest	26 4 6
	Closing	26 7 3
Cottonseeds	January—	
	Opening	19 8 0
	Highest	19 8 0
	Lowest	19 7 0
	Closing	19 8 0
Cottonseeds	May—	
	Opening	18 10 6
	Highest	18 11 3
	Lowest	18 9 0
	Closing	18 9 6
Groundnuts	May—	
	Opening	26 13 6
	Highest	27 1 9
	Lowest	26 13 0
	Closing	27 0 6

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay: Jan. 21.

	Rs.as.ps.
Linseed May	4 15 9
Wheat January	4 11 3
Wheat May	3 15 3

COTTON ROOM RATES

Extra

	Spr-fine.	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G	Bengal U P	132	130	127	125
M G	Punjab	132	130	127	125
M G	Rajputana	138	136	133	131
M G	Oomra No. 3	157	154	151	148
M G	C. P. No. 1	176	173	170	167
M G	C. P. No. 2	164	161	158	155

India Exports More To Australia

WHEAT IMPORTS DROP

Indian exports to Australia improved to the extent of Rs. 2,52 lakhs in 1939-40, while Australian imports into India recorded a slight fall. Principal items of India's exports to the Commonwealth consist of jute manufactures. Nearly 71 million gunny bags and 41 million yards of gunny cloth were exported as against 66 million gunny bags and 31 million yards of gunny cloth in the preceding year. Exports of tea continued to rise and shipments amounted to 3.7 million lbs. as compared with 1.3 million lbs. Similarly shipments of linseed improved from 21,000 tons to 31,000 tons.

Wheat, the largest item of imports from Australia, declined from 151,000 tons in 1938-39 to 85,000 tons. India imports a large quantity of raw wool from Australia which amounted to 4.9 million lbs. as against 4.4 million lbs. in 1938-39. Imports of tallow and stearine rose, while those of zinc fell. Among other important items of import, provisions accounted for Rs. 25 lakhs as against Rs. 13 lakhs in the preceding year.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: Jan. 21.

Yellow metal sheet Rs. 65/0
Copper sheets Rs. 80/8
Tone:—Very steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London: Jan. 20.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS—	£
3 per cent	83 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	96 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 3/4
4 per cent 1948/53	105 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	109 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	103 1/2
Indian Sterling Loans—	
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	112 1/4
5 per cent 1942/47	104 1/4
3 per cent 1949/52	98 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	77 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	113 7/8

Scattered Realising In Steel Shares

NEW GREAT MILL SHARES ACTIVE

Market Displays Good Undertone

Bombay: Jan. 21.

Price movements on the local Stock Exchange were narrow under scattered buying and selling and the undertone was steady.

There was little hesitant feeling pending new developments and certain amount of caution is being exerted by operators. This enables the market to keep up healthy state and the outlook remains moderately constructive.

The market opened quietly steady with quotations mostly unchanged. At the start there was scattered selling which resulted in a small decline, but at the decline there appeared moderate support and prices recovered but the rise attracted scattered realising and the market was rendered featureless.

Wall-Street was in the doldrums with majority fractionally lower and the session closed easy. President Roosevelt's inaugural address exercised little influence but talk of more decisive war developments shortly and fears of so-called taxkrieg created caution. Steels were narrow.

Towards the close there was somewhat increased selling and prices eased off few pts from high levels reached during the session. Cotton mill shares were steady and New Great shares were in forefront with professional support.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1057 and improved to Rs. 1061 but later declined to Rs. 1052. Century shares opened at Rs. 373 and after improving to Rs. 374 declined to Rs. 367. Central India shares steadied at Rs. 291. Simplex shares were placed at 97. New Great Mill shares firmed up to Rs. 417 and closed at Rs. 410.

Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 140 and declined to Rs. 137. Hydro Electric shares were quiet with a limited business. Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1525 and after advancing to Rs. 1530 declined to Rs. 1522.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1880 and advanced to Rs. 1890. At this level there was realising and prices reacted to Rs. 1867. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 368 and improved to Rs. 370, but closed at Rs. 366/8 Second Preference shares closed at Rs. 149/8 and Bellapurs closed at Rs. 206. Bombay Steams were done at Rs. 310 and Bombay Burma shares closed at Rs. 525.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: Jan. 21.

Bombay Dyeing (1056/4) 1057 1060 1055 1061 1055 1052/8
Century (371) 373 374 371 372 367
Central India (292/8) 291/8 294 293 291
Kohinoor (384/8) 385 386 383 384
New Great (402) 402 408 406 415 411 410
Simplex (99) 99/8 97/8 97
Swadeshi (261) 263 267 266/8 266 265
Associated Cement (X-D 140/4) 140 139 137/4 138 137
Andhra (1640) 1640
Tram Ordy (132) 131/12
Tata Hydro (177) 177
Tata Power (1525) 1525 1530 1525 1522
Tata Steel Defd (1880) 1880 1877 1867 1885 1890 1871 1882 1867 1870 1867
Tata Steel Ordy (368/8) 368 367 370 368 369 367 366/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (149/8) 149/8
Bellapur (207) 207 206
Bombay Steam (306/8) 310
Bombay Burma (526/4) 527 525 528 526 527 525

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Jan. 21.

100	Ahm. Advance	265 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1052 8
100	CENTURY	367 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	291
100	COLABA	165 0
100	Cooria	99 0
250	Davin	22 0
250	Dawn	342 8
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 8 0
100	FINLAY	171 0
100	GOKAK	204 0
1000	Hindustan	1905 0
100	Indore	42 8
100	Khatau	132 8
100	KOHINOOR	384 0
250	LAXMI	525 0
100	MORARJI	212 0
250	Model	76 8
50	MYSORE	112 0
200	NEW GREAT	410 0
100	Osmanshahi	45 0
100	Phoenix	2bb
25	Sassoon Silk	85 0
1000	Sholapur X.D.	2665 0
50	SIMPLEX	97 0
100	SWADESHI	265 0
100	SWAN	155 0
500	Vishnu	1262 8
1000	Western	1050 0

BANKS

50-100	BARODA	105 12
25-50	CENTRAL	45 0
500	IMPERIAL X.D.	1560 0
125-500	Imp. Contrys. X.D.	393 12
50-100	India	142 8
100	RESERVE BANK	105 8
5	UNION	6 14

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED X.D.	140 8

INSURANCE

100	Empire	605 0
15-100	JUPITER	13 12
20	Mercantile	60 0
15-75	NEW INDIA	41 0
200	Oriental	3905 0
15-50	Vulcan	8 0 6

ELECTRIC

100	AHMD. OLD	172 8
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1640 0
10	AJMER	11 11
50	BOMBAY TRAM	131 12
100	Bombay Suburban X.D.	180 0
10	Broach	13 6
100	Karachi	215 0
100	Poona	215 0
100	Surat	175 0
100	TATA HYDRO	177 0
1000	TATA POWER	1522 8

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Frantij	992 8
100	C. Province	102 0
100	Dhond Baramati	98 0
100	Gujarat	103 8
100	Mandra Bhon	101 0
100	Pachora Jamner	80 0
100	Sara Sirajgunj	104 0
500	Tapti Valley	693 12

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation	5 5
8sh.	Indian Copper	2 3 6

NEW YORK COTTON TWO POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1941

New York, Jan 21

Previous closing	10.34
To-day's opening	10.30
Difference	—04
To-day's closing	10.32
Difference	—02

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 176-8
Broach July/August	Rs. 180-8

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1941

Liverpool, Jan 21

Previous closing	8.34
To-day's opening	8.33
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	8.26
Difference	—08

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 21

The New York cotton showed easier tendency following discouraging overseas advices with speculative interests continuing to hold aloof awaiting developments from abroad and Washington.

Trading in March commenced at 10.30 i.e. four points lower than last closing. The market declined on increased offerings and liquidation but the pressure was not heavy with consequent narrow movements. On the London Stock Exchange three and half centum India Sterling Stock opened unchanged at £96 3/4.

The following are to day's opening ranges in New York cotton :—

March (10.33/33) 10.30/30
May (10.39/39) 10.37/36
July (10.28/27) 10.23/23

The following are opening rates on Liverpool cotton market :—

American January (8.25) 8.24
American March (8.34) 8.33
Egyptian Giza January (11.10) 11.08
Egyptian Giza March (11.05) 11.04

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Jan 21

Castorseeds Jan/Feb unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta January February (£18 9/16 quoted) £18 9/16 quoted
Linseed La Plata February (£11 1/2 quoted) £11 1/2 quoted
Groundnuts Coromandal Jan/Feb (£17 1/4 quoted) £17 1/4 quoted

JUTES

Dundee January (£45) £45

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Jan 21

Previous closing	4.03 1/4
To day's opening	4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Jan 21

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Jan 21

T. T. London on Paris not quoted.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, Jan 21

The following cable was received from London :—

Market quiet and featureless.

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan 21

Spot (23 1/4d) 23 3/16d —1/16
Forward (23 3/16d) 23 1/8d —1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan 21

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan 21

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.35
London on Shanghai (0-3 3/16 to 0-3 9/16)
0-3 3/16 to 0-3 9/16
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1 2 1/2) 1-2 to 1 2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, Jan 21

There was no trading during the night session.

Lightning (£40) £40

RUBBER

Spot (12 3/8d paid and buyers) 12 3/8d paid and value
Forward January March (12 3/8d paid and buyers) 12 3/8d value

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, Jan 21

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £96 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 21

London Stock Exchange was dull to-day.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan 21

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96 3/4) £98 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks (£109 3/4) £109 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£112 1/4) £112 1/4
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/58 (£105 1/4) £105 1/4
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£104 1/4) £104 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/64 (£101 3/4) £101 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£104 3/4) £104 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77 1/2) £77 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 3/8) £104 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 7/8) £98 7/8
4 per cent Funding loan (£113 7/8) £113 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103 1/2) £103 1/2
New War Loan (£101) £101
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£112 1/8 £112 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (12-0) 11-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (37-9) 36-7 1/2
Hydro Electric No dealings.
Electric Music Industry (8-1 1/2) 8-0
Princhin Johnson (21-3) 21-3
Imperial Chemicals (30-7 1/2) 30-1 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (55-7 1/2) 55-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Mates 1939 (£45 1/2 £45
Dundee Rubber (34-4 1/2) 34-0
Unilever Ordinary (25-0) 25-0
Ford Motors (17-7 1/2) 17-6
Cable and Wireless New Ordinary (£59) £58 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (95-0) 94-4 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£4 1/8) £4 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (100) 100
P and O Def (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Distillers (68-0) 67-0
Bredfords Dye (3-9) 3-9
British Celanese (4-0) 3-10 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (33-1 1/2) 32-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (34-7 1/2) 33-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-9) 3-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (15-9) 15-7 1/2
Inter Nickel Ordinary (dol 40 1/2; dol 39 7/8
Indian Iron (47-6) 47-6

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (32-0) 32-0
Empire of India (22-5) 22-6

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (17-3) 17-3
Gula Kelampong (16-3) 16-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (26-9) 26-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (23-9) 23-1 1/2
Burma Corporation (8-0) 8-0
Rio Tintos (£7) £7
East Rand Properties (45-0) 45-0
Rand Mines (£6 1/4) £6 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12 3/4) £12 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (61-3) 61-3
Trinidad Leasehold (60-0) 60
Sub Nigel (£7 3/4) £7 3/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (23-9) 23-9
Union Corporation (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (27-6) 27-6
Anglo-India (40-7 1/2) 39-4 1/2
Burma Oil (60-7 1/2) 60-0
Mexican Eagle (8-4 1/2) 8-0
Shell Transport (46-3) 45-7 1/2
Royal Dutch No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£37 1/4) £36 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£15 3/8) £14 1/2
London North Eastern Def (£1 8/8) £1 8/8
London Southern Def (£12 1/8) £11 5/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£116 1/2) £116 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£33 1/2) £34

LONDON METALS

Tin (£257 1/4 buyers; £257 3/4 sellers. Barely steady) £257 buyers; £257 1/4 sellers.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

INSOLVENCY COURT

Notice Of Motion Dismissed

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Somjee.)

Chandrakant Devji ..... Judgment-Debtor.
Messrs. Narottamdas Amarchand, Share & Stock-Brokers ..... Judgment-Creditors.

This was a notice of motion taken out by the Judgment-debtor for an order that the Insolvency Notice dated 12th December 1940 be dismissed or in the alternative for a stay of that notice till the disposal of the appeal from the Decree passed by His Lordship himself on 9th October 1940 in favour of the judgment-creditors. It was contended that this Hon. Court had no jurisdiction in respect of the Insolvency Notice because within a year before its presentation the judgment-debtor did not carry on business within the limits of its jurisdiction. It was also argued that this notice of motion was intended to stifle the appeal.

On behalf of the judgment-creditors it was urged that the entry with the Registrar of Firms clearly showed that the judgment-debtor did carry on business at Sambhav Chambers, Pherozeshah Mehta Road under the name of Messrs. C. Krishnakumar & Co. in partnership with one Krishnakumar Devji.

His Lordship did not accept the judgment-debtor's statement as to jurisdiction and dismissed his notice of motion with costs.

Mr. F. J. Coltman instructed by Messrs. Thakoredas & Co. appeared for the judgment-debtors in support of the notice of motion.

Mr. N. P Engineer with Mr. M. M. Desai instructed by Messrs. Ambubhai & Diwanji appeared for the judgment-creditors to oppose the notice of motion.

Criminal Sessions

Counsel Challenges Validity Of High Court Order

Stanley Marcus Standage, Lawrence Dennis Hudson and Sir Richard Temple were among the 51 persons put up for trial at the first Criminal Sessions of the year of the Bombay High Court, which began on Monday.

Standage, Hudson and Sir Richard, whose retrial has been ordered by the High Court, are charged before Mr. Justice Broomfield with criminal breach of trust, cheating and abetment and misapplication of securities. They are all on bail and pplications for their continuance on the same bail, made by defence counsel, were granted by His Lordship.

On behalf of Sir Richard, Mr. C. K. Daphtary stated that he had been acquitted by the trial Magistrate and a notice was then issued against him by the High Court in revision. There was a hearing and he had been ordered to be committed to the Sessions.

Counsel added that he questioned the validity of that order and requested His Lordship to fix a date for the hearing of that matter before the jury was empanelled.

His Lordship said that a day would be fixed.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, Mr. N. K. Petigara, will appear for the Crown at the hearing of the case.

Mr. B. J. Petit with Mr. M. J. Sethna appeared for Standage, Mr. M. Maniar for Hudson and Mr. C. K. Daphtary for Sir Richard.

Medicinal Fish Oils In India

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21

It is learned here that medicinal liver oil from the shark and saw fish is being produced in Calicut, and it is understood that efforts are also being made by the Governments of Bombay and Bengal and the State of Travancore to manufacture fish oils.

Madras Governor Criticises Congress

CHITTOOR, Jan. 20.

The war aims of Britain were chiefly to save liberty of human life and culture and civilisation from the sweeping menace of Hitlerism, consisting of oppression and cruelty, declared H. E. Sir Arthur Hope, Governor of Madras, addressing a public meeting this evening here. His Excellency characterised the present Congress attitude as one of "hindering the war effort" while all along professing to hate Nazism.

His Excellency and party left for Madras to-night.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 21st Jan. 1941 :—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. —.008 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.3 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 67.2 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 85.0 deg. (2.3 above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 67.9 deg. (1.4 above normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 76 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N-E.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 130 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hrs. 17 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 21/1/1941

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 74.9 deg F a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.16 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.97 inches

For correction of ships instruments please subtract from the above barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SMALLPOX SPREADING

Local Bodies Advised To Push On Mass Vaccination

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

The Director of Public Health, Bombay Province, has advised all local bodies to take prompt measures in order to suppress smallpox, which is reported to be spreading in the districts of Ahmednagar, Poona, Ratnagiri and Satara. Outbreaks have also been reported in the districts of West Khandesh, Surat, Nasik, Thana, Kolaba, Bombay Suburban, Belgaum, Dharwar and Bijapur.

Last year smallpox was severe in the East and West Khandesh districts, but was suppressed by the District Local Boards with Government help. Other districts escape lightly by this joint action.

The Director of Public Health therefore considers that it is necessary for local bodies to push on mass vaccination and revaccination and recommends that this measure should be taken without delay by appointing extra vaccinators. Timely action will save life and money.

Plague Increases In Bijapur And Dharwar

The following is the official report of health conditions in the Bombay Province for the week ending January 11.

PLAGUE.

During the week under report plague has suddenly increased in Bijapur District from which 122 cases and 39 deaths have been reported as against 38-13 reported in the previous week and 68-46 revised figures for that week. The infection was reported from 46 villages in that District. In Dharwar District the incidence also indicates increase, the weekly figures being 88 cases and 62 deaths against 40-32 reported and 93-53 revised figures for the preceding week. In Belgaum District the incidence is steady, forty-three cases having occurred with 33 deaths against 43-21 reported and 64-33 revised figures for the previous week. In Sholapur District only one case has occurred against 2-4 in the previous week

CHOLERA.

Cholera has considerably subsided during the week the cases reported in the Province being 42 with 25 deaths against 98-46 reported and 122-160 revised figures for the previous week.

SMALLPOX.

Smallpox is spreading in the Districts of Ahmednagar (67-4); Belgaum (45-10); Ratnagiri (23-1) and Satara (13-1). The disease is also present in the Districts of Poona (9-2); Dharwar (3-0); Nasik (2-2-1); Bombay Suburban (1-0) and West Khandesh (0-1). Bombay City had 87 cases and 37 deaths during the week which shows a rise as compared with the figures of the previous week (51-23).

MALARIA

The touring Medical Officers appointed on anti-malaria duty in different Districts visited 165 villages and treated 3,444 cases. Of these 1,699 were treated for malaria nal.

PORBANDER'S WAR CONTRIBUTION

Viceroy's Tribute

In the course of his speech at the laying of the foundation stone ceremony of the Hope Stadium and Public Gardens at Porbander on Thursday, (16th inst.) H. E. the Viceroy said:

"Your account of the proud and honourable record of your Ancient House, which, I understand, is the leading family of one of the oldest of the ruling races in the Kathiawar Peninsula, the Jethwa Rajputs, has interested me greatly. The traditions of Jethwa clan have certainly been worthily upheld by the prompt and whole-hearted response which the Porbander State has made to the call of civilization in her struggle with the forces of barbarism. Your Highness and your people have made very generous contributions to the various war funds and given tangible evidence of your desire to do everything you can do to further the cause for which the Empire is now fighting, and a striking proof of this is the announcement which Your Highness has just made of further most generous contribution to India's War effort."

COLOMBO MARKET

Colombo, Jan 21

Rubber : 54 1/4 both sheet and crepe. Yesterday's closing : 54 1/2 sheet and crepe. Copra 33.00, Cocoanut oil f.o.b. 215.00 nomi.

EIGHT SINDHIS LOSE THEIR LIVES

KARACHI, Jan. 21.

His Excellency the Governor of Sind has addressed a communication to Mr. Pratab Dialdas, President of the Sind Merchants' Association, informing him about the fate of the Sindhi passengers on board s.s. "Kimmendine" which was sunk by enemy action in July, 1940.

His Excellency informs that out of 26 Sindhi passengers in the boat eight are presumed to have lost their lives, while the rest are safe. Among the lost is a family of six members.

Letters received at Gibraltar from the surviving passengers, adds the Governor, do not indicate the place wherefrom they were addressed. The Commissioner of the Indian Red Cross has, however, been approached to make enquiries about their whereabouts through the International Red Cross.—United Press.

Viceroy At Junagadh

JUNAGADH, Jan. 21.

After lunch at Mahabat Manzil, Lady Linlithgow left for Sardarbag Palace to take tea with the Nawab of Junagadh and the Begum Sahebas. After tea, the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow visited the state paddock and Uparkote. Uparkote is an ancient fort dating back to the times of "Rakhengar" Rajput dynastic rule. There will be a farewell dinner to-night at Mahabat Manzil. The Viceroy and party leave at 11-15 p.m. for Bhavnagar.—A. P.

To Try For Khaksar Chief's Release

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 21.

It is understood that Dr. Sir Ziauddin Ahmed Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung and Maulvi Sanaullah have been requested by the central organisation of Khaksars to mediate with the Central and Punjab Governments to secure the release of Allama Mashraqi, the leader and other Khaksars, who are at present in jail. These persons are believed to have accepted the suggestion.—A. P.

Latthe Addresses Congress-Minded Youths

SANGLI, Jan. 21.

A two-day session of Congress Youth Conference of the Deccan States commenced here to-day. Mr. Gore from Poona presided.

The session was attended by representatives from Kolhapur, Aundh, Miraj and other Deccan States.

Mr. A. B. Latthe, former Finance Minister in the Bombay Government, addressed the session. Mr. Madhavarao Bagal of Kolhapur, delivered the inaugural address.

The session will continue tomorrow.—A. P.

N. N. SIRCAR FOR TAGORE LAW LECTURESHIP.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

The Tagore law lectureship of the Calcutta University for 1941 is proposed to be offered to Sir N. N. Sircar, former Law Member, Government of India.

If he accepts the offer, Sir Nripendra Nath will be required to deliver a course of twelve lectures on the "Law of Arbitration in British India" on an honorarium of Rs. 9,000.—A. P.

ELIMINATE MIDDLE MAN

Sind Govt.'s Novel Scheme Of Agricultural Farms

KARACHI, Jan. 18.

For eliminating the middleman and putting the tenants directly under the state, Sind Government have to-day sanctioned a scheme to establish State Agricultural Farm on commercial lines in Karachi District.

Under the scheme 300 families of agricultural unemployed tenants will be settled on 3,000 acres of land set apart on the banks of Shorki-Baghar canal in Tatta division. The scheme is estimated to cost several lakhs of Rupees.—A. P.

DHARMA YASHDEO NO MORE IN A.I.C.C. OFFICE

WARDHAGANJ, Jan. 21.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C., in a statement to the 'United Press' says:

"Mr. Dharma Yashdeo, in charge of the Indian Overseas Department of the Foreign Office, A.I.C.C., was dismissed from service from December, 1940, beginning. for some serious irregularities. He has, therefore, no more connection with the A.I.C.C., or any Congress organisation."

Mr. Hatheesingh arrived here this morning and after seeing Mahatma Gandhi left for Bombay. —United Press.

OLDEST SURAT MEDICO DEAD

(From Our Correspondent).

SURAT, Jan. 21.

Death took place of Dr. Khan Bahadur Dinshah Edal Beheram, Theosophist and ex-founder of the Lady Willingdon Ashaktashram and the Parvatibai Raktapitiashram. He was a pure vegetarian and the oldest amongst Surat doctors. He was also a first founder of Madyapan Nishedaka Mandal.

Handloom Inquiry

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

It is learned that Dr. P. J. Thomas, Chairman of the Fact Finding Committee on the Handloom Industry, is expected to arrive here on January 23. The other member of the Committee Rai Bahadur H. Mukarji is already here and has started work. It is possible that the third member of the Committee, Prof. Gadgil may not join the Committee.—A. P.

'QUAKE SHOCK AT SYLHET

SYLHET, Jan. 21.

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity lasting about five seconds was felt here at 6/50 this evening. Many citizens out of fright came out of their houses and all traffic came to a standstill in the town for a certain time.—A. P.

The Sammelan of the Sanatan Dharma Sabhas will be held under the auspices of the Sanatan Dharma Mahasabha in the Magh Mela grounds in Allahabad on January 26, 27 and 28.

The importance of developing economic and cultural relations between Britain and South America was stressed by Lord Willingdon in an interview on arrival at Lima at the head of the British trade mission.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED

Bombay, Jan 21

B I S N Company's American s s Steel Ranger of 3450 reg tons, Captain C A Ryan arrived from Baltimore with general cargo.

SAILED

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Kasima Maru of 6148 reg tons, Captain Y Matuto sailed for Karachi copra, cotton, rayon yarn and general cargo.

EXPORTS

24 bales cotton grey canvas Tulsidas Khimji; 9382 bags linseed Ralli Bros; 800 tons pig iron Indian Iron and Steel Co Ltd; 132 bags shelled almonds H K Kesharwalia; 5840 bags gr nut kernels The East Asiatic Co (India); 450 bags gr nut in shell The East Asiatic Co (India); 425 bags gr nut kernels M Bhuta and Co; 2000 bales raw cotton Kilachand Devchand and Co Ltd; 4500 bags gr nut kernels S M Raigor and Co; 1778 bags linseed The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd.

IMPORTS

841 bales staple fibre yarn; 74 bales w/n pcegoods; 679 cases glassware; 45 bales wool yarn; 64 bales cotton fents; 30 c/r galvd iron sheet; 56 bales galvd wire netting; 50 cases seaweed; 100 cases tiles; 149 cases porcelainware; 97 cases weaving machinery and aces; 31 c/r strawboards; 2128 cases beer; 50 bundles sugarcandy; 102 cases clocks and parts; 259 cases etn and rayon mixed pcegoods; 69 cases bobbins; 1546 cases rayon yarn; 899 cases cotton yarn; 2496 cases cotton pcegoods; 40 cases glass bangles; 175 bags gum; 1612 bags betelnuts; 700 bales cassia lignea; 32 pkgs dyestuffs; 3848 bags copra; 137 drums cocoanut oil; 30 bundles roots; 35 cases thrown silk yarn; 24 cases cell bangles; 38 cases silk pcegoods; 40 cases spun silk yarn; 200 cases potassium chlorate; 150 cases pine apples; 80 pkgs elect goods; 65 cases waste spun silk yarn; 199 cases brass wire; 445 cases transmission conductor; 149 cases cotton goods; 43 cases toys; 100 cases brass circle; 100 drums bleaching powder; 47 cases elect bulbs; 78 cases cheap glass bulbs; 40 cases etn and rayon mixed yarn; 60 cases rayon goods; 35 cases bronze powder; 39 bales silk doupbion; 212 cases hurricane lanterns; 285 c/r plywood; 521 coil baling hoops; 50 cases cud pink salmon; 25 cases rubber belt; 1195 cases rayon pcegoods; 25 cases umbrella ribs; 632 bags empty glass bottles; 36 cases cotton blankets; 39 cases rubber canvas belting; 40 cases broze powder; 42 bundles old brass scrap; 25 cases celluloid sheets; 150 cases paper; 50 cases steel wire nails; 55 cases steel hinges; 88 drums sulphur black; 290 cases panel pins; 100 cases iron tucks; 25 cases nut buttons; 43 cases wood screws; 440 cases cut tacks; 35 cases transparent paper; 81 cases bicycle parts; 200 cases fire crackers; 131 cases padlock; 64 cases needles; 35 cases empty tin and 363 cases bolts and nuts.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Weekness In Sugars

Madras, Jan 21

The market was steady throughout the session and a good business passed through sugars showed some weakness whilst planting issues remained unchanged. Securities and Textiles kept steady.

Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 noon to-day :

Kothari Textiles ord 10/2; Buckingham Pref 188/8; Vasanta ord 114; Midlands 5/1; Chembras 3/6; Mamally pref 23/12; Malankara 35/12; Rajagiri Rubber 5/3; Ayer Manis ord 8/8; Velliamattam 18/4; Vellore pref Smec 11; Pref 11/14 small lot; West Coast 5/4; Mysore Sugars 44/8; Jeypore pref 101; Mysore Chemicals and Fertilisers 15/6, 15/8; Mysore Paper 13/12, 13/14; Indian Steel Rolling ord 7/11, 7/12; Spencer and Co ord 4/10 small lot; do 'A' pref 9/11/6 xd; do 'B' 9/1 xd.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London : Jan. 20.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£ 68
Indian Stocks—	
3 per cent 1948	£ 83 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£ 96 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£109 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£ 77 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£104 3/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	£103 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£113 7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£112 1/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£ 8 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, London register	£ 82
National Bank of India	£ 32

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHNGE

Speculatives Slightly Lower

Calcutta, Jan 21

The market generally ruled quiet but the volume of business was fairly good. Coals, Teas, Jutes and Cottons showed no material alterations while speculative issues were a turn lower. Government securities were a shade quieter.

The following are closing quotations :—

Government securities : 2 3/4 per cent loan 1948/52 96/10 small lot; 3 per cent loan 1963/65 93/14; 3 per cent loan 1951/54 98/4; 3 per cent Government Paper 81/12 small lots; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 95; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 112/8; 5 per cent U P 1944 106/3.

Banks : Central 45 small lots; Imperial fully paid 1568 ex div ct; Reserve 106/8.

Railways : Darjeeling Himalayan Rly ord 61/8.

Cottons : Dunbar 186; Elgin Mills 17/8; Kesoram 6; do pref 127/8 small lot; New Victoria 2.

Coals : Bengal 375; Burrakur 13/15; Bhalgora 4/15; Raneegunge 25/10; Samla 1 15; West Jamuria 30/4.

Jutes : Alliance 241/8 small lot; Adamjee pref 152; Agarpara 25/4 small lots; Anglo-India 305; Bally 217//8; Birla 25; Birla pref 130 small lot; Budge Budge 336; Clive 21/4; Empire 23; do pref 160; Howrah 49/4; Hukumchand 9; Kamarhatty 449; do pref 164; Lansdowne pref 135; National 20/4; Nuddea 53/8; Waverley 1/12.

Miscellaneous : Burma Corpn 5/4; Indian Coppper 2/4; Dalmia Cement ord 12/6; defd 3/6; pref 110 small lot; Bengal Telephone ord 17 small odd lots; do pref 13/4 small lot; Burn and Co 372; Hukumchand Steel ord 9/10; Indian Steel and Wire Products Conty 7/7; Indian Iron and Steel 29/11; National Iron and Steel 7/10; Steel Corpn ord 18; Dunlop Rubber ord 35/4 small lots; do first pref 155; Indian Cables 20/10; Vorient Paper pref 119; Titaghur Paper 17/4; Midnapore Zemindary 72/8; Carew and Co 9 odd lot; Champaran 13/5; Raza 15/6;

Teas : Tezpore pref 13/10; Tellapara 390 small lots.

Debentures : 5 per cent 1941/44 National Iron and Steel debs 101; 4 1/2 per cent 1937/47/57 Bengal Paper Debs 105; 4 per cent 1934/53 Kalighat Falta Rly debs 108/10; 6 per cent 1925/55/85 Calcutta Port Trust debs QWTAR small lots; 5 per cent 1935/45/55 Samastipore Sugar debs 103; 3 1/4 per cent 1937/62 Calcutta Improvement Trust debs 88/8 small lot.—A.P.

Special Train For Ford's Chassis Supply

New Delhi, Jan 21

A special train is now running every two days to deliver chassis from Ford's assembly plant, the chief source of vehicles supply in India, to body-builders

The forward programme for replacing piecemeal orders for many items of general stores is approaching completion. Expansion of the production of electric cables is under consideration and the production of armour-piercing small arms ammunition has been established.

The timber supply programme is being greatly expanded to meet the requirements of the Middle East and Ordinance Factories and Engineer demands for India and overseas.—A.P.

PRESENTING

THE LIGHTNING BLAST OF A HEAVENLY FRIENDSHIP!

PRABHAT'S

PADOSI

Directed By SHANTARAM

Starring:

Anis — Mazhar Khan
Mulia — Gajanan
Lajavanti — Jagirdar
Sumitra — Balwant Sing
Kashyap

प्रभात चित्र
IT'S PRABHAT
HIGH TRADE MARK

OPENS SATURDAY JAN. 25th. AT Central

Released Thru'
FAMOUS PICTURES LTD. BOMBAY 4.

NO OTHER TOOTH BRUSH CLEANS AND PROTECTS MY TEETH AS WELL AS THE TUFTED Pro-phy-lac-tic
The big end tuft reaches way back into the mouth—cleans back teeth other brushes often miss.
Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip
IS THE ONE TOOTH BRUSH THAT THOROUGHLY CLEANS ALL THE TEETH
WHY Pro-phy-lac-tic BRUSHES ARE SO SUPERIOR
1. The big end tuft assures thorough cleansing of back teeth as well as front.
2. The notched surface cleans in between all the teeth—front and back, inside and outside.
3. Brush is welded to handle by special Perma-Grip process.
4. Highest quality—lasts longer—most economical.
Remember—only a brush with a tufted end thoroughly cleans all the teeth.
● The Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip is scientifically constructed for the proper cleansing of all the teeth. It is not too large, not too small. Its big end tuft reaches places no other brush can reach. Its notched surface gets between the teeth, removes every decay-producing particle. Your teeth are really clean when you clean them with the tufted Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip.
ALWAYS SOLD IN THE YELLOW BOX
INSIST UPON Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip

NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
JACK BUCHANAN
Supplies plenty of laughs
in
THE MIDDLE WATCH
with
GRETA GYNT

You Will Remember The Music Of
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
PUJA
Music by: ANIL BISWAS
Songs by SARDAR AKHTAR, SITARA, JYOTI, BISWAS
and others
All songs available on H.M.V. Records
In FOURTH GREAT WEEK
PATHE
3-30, 6-30, 10 p. m.

IMPERIAL
DAILY: 4-15, 7, 10.
PRAKASH'S SOCIAL PICTURE
MALA
SECOND WEEK
CAST INCLUDE
S. ROSE, JAYANT, JAIRAJ, MIRA, M. NAZIR, etc.
Matinees, Sat., Sun., at 1-30 p.m.
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

ROMANCE WEDDED TO LAUGHTER—
NAVYUG'S Popular Comedy-Gem
'LAGNA PAHAWE KAROON'
(Hunt for a Husband)
Directed by WINAYAK
Starring:
DAMUANNA MALWANKAR
5th WEEK at
NEW WEST END
Daily 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

3rd LAST WEEK!
Love and Jealousy never go hand in hand!
"SAUBHAGYA"
with Shobhana Samarth
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-45 p.m.
Our Next Attraction
Prabhat's 1940 Jewel
"A D M I"
In Hindi Version now for the first time in the North of the City at the
CHITRA
Vincent Road, Dadar.

SIXTH SUCCESSFUL WEEK
A SOCIAL DOCUMENT
INDICTING THE BIG GUNS OF THE SOCIETY!
Film Corporation of India's Unique hit!
"QAIDI"
Starring:
RAMOLA, NANDREKAR, WASTI, MEHTAB, etc.
LAMINGTON
Daily 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST 2 DAYS!
ESCAPE
NORMA SHEARER
ROBERT TAYLOR
with Conrad VEIDT NAZIMOVA A MERVYN LeROY Production
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer release

ANNIVERSARY Week!
CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
CLARK GABLE CLAUDETTE SPENCER TRACY · COLBERT HEDY LAMARR
BOOM TOWN
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture

3RD WEEK.... need we say more!
REGAL At 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
"DOWN ARGENTINE WAY"
ALL IN TECHNICOLOR
with Don Ameche, Betty Grable
Carmen Miranda
ALSO NEW MARCH OF TIME.
"THE PHILIPPINES"

Bringing
New Lustre To The Screen
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Bandhan
24th Week
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
At ROXY

HERALD Of the

Heroic Youth! KISHORE SAHU,
IN A
Generous, Chivalrous, Fighting role in
Punarmilan
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Dance Drama,
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.
MAJESTIC

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu : Posh Vad 10, 1997
Muslim : Zilhaj 23, 1359
Parsi : Amerdad 20, 1310
Hightide : 6-36; 20-25
Lowtide : 0-46; 13-28
Sunrise : 7h. 15m.
Sunset : 6h. 26m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

A meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Corporation Hall on Thursday, the 23rd instant at 3 p.m. (B. T.).

KANNADA SAHITYA STUDY CIRCLE

All lovers of Kannada literature are invited to the second discourse on "Dasara Padagalu" at the National Kannada Education Society's School, Chandavarkar Road, Matunga, G. I. P., to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION

A public meeting of the workers of the Municipal Workshop and the Drivers and Cleaners of the Health Department will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), at Foras Road Municipal Garden to consider the question of dearness allowance, under the presidentship of Com. R. S. Nimbkar.

PUBLIC MEETING IN SUPPORT OF V. J. T. STUDENTS

There will be a public meeting under the auspices of the North Bombay Students' Union to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. in the Nappoo Gardens, Matunga, G. I. P., to support the students of V. J. T. I. in the struggle to get their grievances redressed. Dr. K. B. Menon, Secretary of Civil Liberties' Union will preside.

THEOSOPHISTS TO MEET

A public meeting for questions and answers, preceded by a short talk on "Prophetic Dreams," will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain. All questions are welcome and all are cordially invited.

LORD HARRIS SHIELD TOURNAMENT

The final of the Harris Shield Tournament will begin to-day (Wednesday) at 10 a.m. on the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana ground between Anjuman-I-Islam High School and Robert Money School.

GILES SHIELD TOURNAMENT

The final of the Giles Shield Tournament will begin on Monday, 27th January at 10 a.m. on P. J. Hindu Gymkhana between Anjuman-I-Islam High School and Wilson High School.

AUDITOR GENERAL TO MEET ACCOUNTANTS

The Auditor General to the Government of India, who is an Ex-Officio Member of the Indian Accountancy Board, will meet the Registered Accountants of Bombay at a tea party to-day (Wednesday) at 5 p.m. at the Cricket Club of India.

PROFESSOR GHURYE'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Association, Prof. Ghurye of the School of Economics and Sociology will deliver a lecture on "Educational System and the Social Process" to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. at the Secondary Training College.
Principal Hampton will preside.

LADY RAMA ROW'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of Social Workers' Society, Lady Rama Row will give a public lecture on "Social Status of Women" to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Muslim Students' Union Hall, Bhavatsky Lodge, French Bridge.
Mrs. Gulestan R. B. Billimoria, M.A. will preside.

BOMBAY MAYOR'S ADDRESS AT ORIENT SCHOOL GATHERING

(From A Correspondent)

"Modern schools unfortunately look to the mental side of the education only. But that is a great mistake. If education is to be a preparation for a harder life to come, then it must be mental, moral and physical as well. Schools must provide food for brain as well for the soul." Thus remarked Mr. Mathuradas Tricumjee, the Mayor of Bombay, presiding at the annual general gathering of the Orient High School, at Damodar Thackersey Hall, Parel.

The Mayor witnessed some very fine and exhilarating performances of the boys and the girls of the school.

Make a date
GOVERNMENT HOUSE
WARPLANE Ball 30TH JAN.

FIFTH WEEK!
DANCER'S REVENGE TURNED INTO SUBLIME!!
NEW THEATRES' EPIC OF FILM ART!
"NARTAKI"
Directed by: DEVKI BOSE
Music: PUNKAJ MULLICK
Starring: LEELA DESAI, NAJAM,
MINERVA
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

Walter Wanger PRESENTS
JOHN FORD'S Production of
EUGENE O'NEILL'S The LONG VOYAGE HOME
EXCELSIOR 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Boom Town" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Down Argentine Way" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Escape" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Long Voyage" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
NEW EMPIRE—"The Middle Watch" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
MAJESTIC—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Puja" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Lagna Pahawe Karoon" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Nartaki" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Narsi Bhagat" Daily at 3, 6-15 and 9 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Mala" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sneh-Bandhan" Daily at 4, 6-15 and 9-45 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
THE EDWARD—"Mandrake, The Magician" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HIND MATA—"Baburani" Daily at 4-30 7 and 10 p.m.
THE PALACE—"The Boys From Syracuse" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Qaidi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

Indian Merchants' Chamber Executive

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Of the 38 persons who contested the elections to the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, the following 23 were declared successful, when the results were announced to-day :—

Mr. Amratlal Kalidas, Mr. Vithaldas Damodar Govindji, Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhatt, Mr. R. G. Saraiya, Mr Gordhandas G. Morarji, Mr. B. M. Bhargava, Mr. Ratilal M. Nanavati, Mr. M. M. Amersey, Mr. B. N. Karanjia, Mr. Dhirajlal C. Modi, Mr. N. J. Gor, Mr. Mangaldas B. Mehta, Mr. Nandlal M. Bhuta, Mr. Sankalchand G. Shah, Mr. Chimanlal B. Parikh, Prof. Sohrab R. Davar, Mr. Mathuradas Canji Matani, Mr. C. S Patel, Mr. Vijaysinh Govindji, Mr. C. A. Buch, Mr. Keshavprasad C. Desai, Mr. H. C. Captain, and Mr. B. S. Dabke..

MAHARASHTRA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

The following is the Committee or the Executive Body of the Chamber for the years 1940-42 :—

President : Mr. Mahadeo Laxman Dahanukar.

Vice-Presidents : Messrs. Dattatraya Ramchandra Naik, J.P.; Gangadhar Vishnu Purauik, Panwel, Kolaba and Raosaheb Premchand Ichharam Patil, Savda, E. Khandesh.

Twelve members elected by the members from Bombay and Bombay Suburban Districts :—

Messrs. W. W. Wagh, D. K. Dongare, S. S. Naik, D. G. Bhagwat, B. L. Prabhu, E. B. Rajderkar, J. S. Abhyankar, D. V. Joshi, V. K. Dhage, M. H. Lele. K. H. Dhamdhere, R. K. Chikerur.

ARYA KREEDA MANDAL, THANA

The fourth annual sport-meet of the Arya Kreeda Mandal, Thana, (1940-41) will be held on 2nd, 9th and 15th of February.

"Extra Open Events" are meant for members of Bombay Presidency Olympic Association. They constitute 400 Metres Running and 5,000 Metres Running. Entries close on January 31, 1941.

Women will participate in this annual sports-meet.

HOCKEY MATCH IN AID OF WAR FUND

The Headquarters Sports Committee at Victoria Terminus have arranged, in conjunction with the Welfare Officer of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, for a hockey match to be played in aid of the War Funds of the two railways. The match will be played on Sunday, the 26th instant on the Hockey Association's ground in Bombay. The game will be between a joint team representing the two railways and a team selected from among the best players in Bombay.

ANTI-VEGETABLE GHEE-CONFERENCE

The President of the Bombay Humanitarian League invited the co-operation of leading Associations of Bombay Presidency interested in the question of adulteration of Ghee, Butter and Milk, as consumers producers or benefactors of cattle, for a conference to be called shortly at Bombay to consider ways and means for prohibition and adulteration and protection of pure ghee, butter, milk and cattle-breeding and dairy industries. Several local and mofussil Associations having accepted to join the move, a preliminary meeting of the representatives nominated by respective associations for this purpose, has been called on Friday, the 24th instant at 4-30 p.m. at the office of the League at 149 Shroff Bazar, Bombay 2, to consider the date, suitable time and place for the conference and elect chairman R. C. and President for the Conference and prepare draft resolution to be submitted at the said Conference.

Bombay Students' Union

The General Secretary, B. S. U., writes :

The newly elected Executive Committee of Bombay Students' Union met on 20th January at Kennedy House. Mr. Anjaria was in the chair. Mr. Jayant Gandhi and O. E. Hassam were co-opted.

The following office-bearers were elected :

General Secretary : Mr. C. B. Shah.

Jt. Secretaries : Mr. F. K. Vyas and Miss Kamal Chowdhary.

Treasurer : Mr. H. Patel.

It was decided to celebrate the Independence Day i.e. 26th January as usual.

A resolution on the V. J. T. I. strike expressing its solidarity with the strikers and supporting their demand was adopted.

WEDDING OF SIR IBRAHIM'S GRAND-DAUGHTER

As there is going to be a very large gathering at the wedding of the granddaughter of Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, which is to take place on Friday, the 24th instant at 6-15 p.m., at Noorbaug, Mazagaon Road, the guests are requested to arrive via J. J. Hospital as there is going to be one-way traffic.

The Aligarh Old Boys' Association, Bombay, gave a party to the Prince and Princess of Berar at the Cricket Club of India on Sunday.
The prince can be seen on the extreme right of the above photo taken on the occasion.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Mrs. Jailaximabai, wife of Mr. A. P. Ayengar and daughter of Mr. Ayengar, Engineer of the Bandra Municipality, was stabbed by an unknown Bhayya boy at about 12-30 p.m. on Tuesday in her residence at Khar. The boy is absconding and reason for stabbing is not known.

ANNUAL ELECTION

The annual general meeting of the Thana Catholic Association, was held on Sunday last, before a large number of members.

Professor J. V. Pimenta, was re-elected President of the Association, while Mr. George Agviar and Mr. Anthony Rebello, were elected Vice-Presidents and Mr. Eddie M. Alvares, was elected Honorary General Secretary. The Managing Committee was elected by ballot.

Bombay Port Trust

At their meeting held on Tuesday, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay reviewed the position of their Revenue Reserve and other Special Funds and decided, subject to the sanction of Government, to transfer sums aggregating Rs. 41 lakhs from the former to the latter.

The annual contribution made from Revenue to Welfare Fund which the Trustees maintain for the benefit of their employees drawing less than Rs. 300 per month, was increased from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 12,000 with effect from 1st April 1940.

In connection with the A.R.P. Scheme approved in August last sanction was accorded to the purchase of three motor lorries to be used as ambulances at a cost of Rs. 13,900.

The following expenditure estimates were sanctioned :—

Rs. 20,400 for the purchase and erection of electric pumps at Hughes and Merewether Dry Docks to facilitate the supply of salt water to ships using these docks:

Rs. 18,300 for repair of the damage caused by the cyclone of 16th October 1940 to the dredging and other flotilla of the Port Trust.

Amendments of the B. P. T. Railway Service Rules were sanctioned to conform with the provisions of the Payment of Wages Act 1936 and the Rules framed thereunder.

Bombay War Publicity Committee

WAR PUBLICITY COMMITTEE

Loud speaker programme for to-day (Wednesday) :

Marathi : 8 a.m. Recorded music. 8-05 News bulletin. 8-20 Recorded music. 8-25 "Fascist Leaders fall out"—A talk. 8-30 Recorded music. 8-35 "Nazi plot in France"—A talk.

6-30 p.m. Recorded music. 6-35 "That speaks of British Morale"—A talk. 6-40 Recorded music. 6-45 News bulletin. 7 Recorded music. 7-05 "Britain is prepared"—A talk.

Gujarati : 11 a.m. Recorded music. 11-05 News bulletin. 11-20 Recorded music. 11-25 "Dictators in conference"—A talk 11-30 Recorded music. 11-35 "Nazi pressure on Marshal Petain"—A talk.

4-30 p.m. Recorded music. 4-35 "Japan's fretting and founding"—A talk. 4-40 Recorded music. 4-45 News bulletin. 5 Recorded music. 5-05 "Secret wealth of Nazi Leaders"—A talk.

Hindustani : 6 p.m. Recorded music. 6-05 "Dictators in conference"—A talk. 6-10 Recorded music. 6-15 "Nazi pressure on Marshal Petain"—A talk. 6-20 Recorded music. 6-25 News bulletin. 6-40 Recorded music. 6-45 "Secret wealth of Nazi Leaders"—A talk. 6-50 Recorded music. 6-55 "Crumbling Italy" —A talk.

"Heading For Ruin"?

Corporators' Gloomy Picture Of The Future

The Mayor had to warn the councillors on Tuesday who are making lengthy and windy speeches on Budget debate that if they do not cut short their remarks and stick to the point without indulging in repetitions, he would have to fix time limit to twenty minutes for each councillor.

Mr. K. H. Goregaokar speaking on budget estimates protested against the ten per cent. Property Tax which legitimately belonged to the Bombay Municipality. It was not possible for the Bombay Municipality to raise further taxes owing to the Property Tax. He warned the Corporation to hasten to tax the trades and professions, if not, the Government would jump on that revenue also. Then he said the Town Duty also should be revised which would give them at least Rs. 16 lacs more.

HEADING FOR RUIN?

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai urged the House to cut down the expenditure and not go beyond their income.

Dr. J. A. Collaco said the Bombay Municipality was sliding down to the course of ruin. Fourteen years ago he said they had a surplus of Rs. 60 lacs. In 1941-42 this surplus had come down to Rs. 3 lacs only. Their expenditure was increased by several lacs over the revenue

AMENITIES FOR CITIZENS

Dr. B. H. Rajadhyaksha urged the House to give more amenities to the citizens befitting the great name of the city. The medical relief to the citizens was also not adequate and water supply was very deficient in many parts of the city.

At this stage the House was adjourned till Thursday.

INFANTILE LIVER & SPLEEN COMPLAINTS

The onset of Infantile Liver and Spleen complaints is indicated by such symptoms as an occasional rise in temperature, attended by constipation or diarrhoea, vomiting, stools coloured clay, muddy or white, sometimes emitting bad smell, loss of appetite and slight abdominal distension. The child exhibits peevishness and is inert and drowsy. It shows an inclination to lie on the face with the abdomen in contact with cold surface. The child's urine when allowed to dry on the floor leaves white patches. The child gets thinner.

Before use

As the disease advances further symptoms such as hardening of the liver; pain over the region of the liver; high temperature; jaundice (shown by the condition of the yellowness of urine, eyes and skin); collection of fluid in the abdomen; distension of the abdomen; protuberance of abdominal veins; swelling of legs face and hands, are exhibited.

Medical practitioners all over India are convinced that JAMMI'S "LIVER CURE" is the infallible and radical cure for Infantile Liver and Spleen Complaints. Prompt use of Liver Cure has saved thousands of children from the fatal consequences of neglected or inapt treatment.

After use

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Parekh Mansion, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.
'Phone : 41593. 'Grams : "Livercure."

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Vital Health Tonic "Thiamin" Abounds In Delicious Quaker Oats

Thiamin—the vital tonic Vitamin B_1—is an absolute essential to perfect health. Thiamin abounds in Quaker Oats, along with many other precious food elements. That is why Quaker Oats does so much to create perfect health—to develop strong, sturdy bodies. It is a whole grain food that nourishes, adds new stamina and strength.

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Buy a tin today.

QUAKER OATS PORRIDGE

In saucepan stir slowly one part Quaker Oats into two parts freshly boiling water. Boil twenty minutes or longer. If Quick Cooking Quaker Oats is used, boil two and a half minutes or longer. Serve hot adding sugar and almonds or milk to taste. If a thick porridge is desired, use less water to obtain consistency desired.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1941.

NO GOING BACK

Attempts are being made by liquor interests to show that the Bombay High Court's refusal of leave to Government to appeal to the Federal Court in the prohibition case is one more judicial rebuff to Government, that complete prohibition in Bombay is not and cannot be lawful in existing circumstances and that Government have no other alternative than to abandon their prohibition measures on economic as well as legal grounds. These conclusions are not at all warranted by the facts of the case. Not to go too much into the details of the case, the true present position is as follows: The Court has given a definite decision on one point and has expressed an opinion on another only by way of "obiter dicta" The decision is that the existing notification under the Abkari Act is defective and, therefore, ineffectual and the opinion is that under the Government of India Act it is not open to Government to enforce complete prohibition at all. The difficulty now is that there cannot be an appeal either against the decision or the Judges' personal opinion. In the former case the decision is with regard to a notification under a local Act, which does not raise any questions of interpretation; and a mere opinion cannot be a ground for any appeal. But it does not at all follow from this that there is no way out of the apparent impasse.

Remove Legal Defect

We have already suggested one solution of the problem. Briefly, it is that Government should straightway remove the defects in the notification pointed out by the Court in spite of the Judges' "obiter dicta". If a case then arises in which the High Court declares the new notification "ultra vires" of the Government, it will provide an occasion to take the matter before the Federal Court and get a vexed question definitely decided, with great advantage to all the provinces concerned. If the Abkari Act itself, as it is at present, needs amendment, it should be amended by the Legislature or Government who have assumed all the powers of the Legislature. If it is believed by legal experts in general that a provincial Government cannot enforce prohibition completely or on an extensive scale, the position is so repugnant to the principle of provincial autonomy that no time should be lost in getting the Government of India Act suitably amended. It is ridiculous to suggest that such a constitutional change is not possible in war times. The constitutional right of a province to enforce prohibition has been already conceded both by the British Government and the Government of India. Else the Governors concerned would not have given their assent to the Congress Cabinet's prohibition measures. If a legal defect is now discovered, those who are responsible for it must of course remove it without any delay. It will not do to complain that the Ministers who sponsored the measures have abandoned their responsibilities The prohibition policy is a mandate of the Legislature and every Government in power is bound by it.

Fallacious Views

It has been suggested that, apart from legal aspects, the policy of prohibition should be at least suspended because it stands in the way of "economic recovery and financial prosperity" and also "general war effort". These views are grossly fallacious and have been proved as such often and often before. There is no real economic improvement if what could have been food is converted into poison and is allowed to debilitate producers of wealth. On the other hand, it has been proved again and again that prohibition brings in its wake better health and more savings among workers and peasants. This is real economic improvement. We do not think any Government who have once adopted prohibition on any scale, and respect public opinion will venture to go back on their policy, taking shelter under legal flaws of their own making. If they do, they will precipitate a grave crisis, indeed. Meanwhile, we would urge all Congressmen who prize the Constructive Programme of the Congress, to realise that prohibition has always been an important item therein and that the incarceration of their leaders has put a heavy responsibility on them in this behalf. It is up to them to advance prohibition by organized propaganda. They must not allow any reversal of the prohibition policy by any Government on any account.

Japan's Threat To U. S.

The speech delivered by Mr. Matsuoka at the reopening of the Diet is apparently more truculent in tone than the recent performances of the Japanese Foreign Minister. It is a mixture of appeals and threats to the United States—with a dash of bluff as usual—"to realise her responsibility for the maintenance of peace," but on this occasion Mr. Matsuoka has taken the velvet glove off his iron hand! In effect it is a grave warning to the United States not to interfere in the affairs of East Asia, which is Japan's exclusive "Lebensraum" according to the Tripartite Axis Pact. Any extension of the U.S. first line of defence to China and the South Seas would be "a very one-sided assumption" and one not calculated "to contribute towards world peace", thundered Mr. Matsuoka and proceeded to paint a gruesome picture of another world war. Not less outspoken were his protestations of Japan's relations with her Axis partners, "which were becoming closer politically, militarily, economically and culturally." But more significant than all this was the reference to the Thailand-Indo-China dispute to which Japan as the self-styled leader in East Asia could not remain indifferent. All those avowals and warnings must have made an excellent pep talk for the honourable members of the Diet but the United States Government is hardly likely to be put out by this verbal barrage from Tokyo. What concrete acts of Japan have failed to do so long, the words of her Foreign Minister are hardly likely to achieve now—to intimidate and prevent the United States from helping Britain.

Communalism In Sport

Only the other day, while commenting on the Bombay's Cricket Festival, we strongly urged the abolition of the Pentangular and all other competitions based on communalism. Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah, the President of the Muslim League, asks Muslim students of Bombay that they should consider themselves Muslims first. The occasion was the Inter-Muslim Schools Sports. If similar advice is given by leaders of other communities, we shall soon have the Hindus, Parsis, Christians and others all thinking in terms of their own communities and sport will develop into a warring camp for rival communities and the interest of true sport will be thrown completely into the background.

Anybody who is truly wedded to the cause of sport and to the best interests of the country at large, cannot look at this development with equanimity or silence. The sordid manoeuvres and bargainings of the political field should not be allowed to trespass into the realm of sport. It is the duty of all sportsmen to keep their arena thoroughly clean. It will, indeed, be a sad day for India if our sporting activities were drawn into the vortex of our political battles and our boys and girls were taught to subordinate their sporting instincts to the narrow interests of their respective communities.

It is a matter of great pity that Europeans living in this country are taking a hand, whether willingly or unwillingly, in this disruption of our sporting world. While they do not hold or tolerate sporting events on religious basis in their own countries, they lend every assistance and even encourage competitions of this character in this land. If Indians accuse the Britishers of using the subtle weapon of "Divide et impera" against them they cannot be blamed. If British sportsmen wish to keep themselves clear of this accusation, they must wash their hands of all communal sports, and that, too, immediately. The monster of communalism, which is playing such a terrible havoc in our political life must not be allowed to ruin our sports in the national or international arena.

MORE PLAYGROUNDS, FEWER PLAGUE GROUNDS

By O. MOHANASUNDARAM

Congestion In The City

Bombay, as we all know is one of the most crowded cities of the world, congested beyond imagination at certain localities and most inadequately provided with open spaces and recreational centres. These open spaces are regarded as 'lungs' in all modern cities. When we possess diseased or deceased lungs in our human organism, we all know how it affects our very existence and makes life almost impossible. When the same thing happens to a growing city, we fail in our intuition to visualise the dire consequences, and tolerate the slums, the breeding place of all epidemics, vices and crimes to grow amidst us.

Sixty per cent and more of the population of this city dwell in single-room tenements. Over half-a-lac are homeless and practically live in the streets. Sunlight and pure air which are the friends to good health and enemies to the lurking germs, are both luxuries at most dwelling homes. Is it any wonder that we have the discreditable reputation of being the shortest-lived people in the world, having an average span of life of less than twenty-five? In Europe the average is about sixty. Our death rate is the highest but one in the world. Infantile mortality figures for Bombay is the highest in India and the world. It had been 680 per 1000 live-births not many years ago, and during the last few years it had been brought down to a respectable figure of 220 which itself is a world record! The incidence of all preventable diseases is also the greatest in our country, 22 per 1000 being continuously ill. Malaria takes a toll of a million souls and reduces the vitality by producing anaemia in hundred million more. Hookworm enervates and devitalises 95 per cent (at places even 100 per cent) of the lower class people in South India, and makes them lazy, unfit and inefficient for work. Constantly recurring epidemics of contagious diseases, tuberculosis, etc., are rendered certain, and impossible to prevent by insanitary conditions, congested housing and lack of the 'lungs' in the city.

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Playgrounds and open spaces are vital necessities in a ever growing city like Bombay. Government, Municipality, industrial, educational, and social welfare organisations and individual philanthropists should all pool their resources together, and provide a network of playgrounds, especially in places where slums exist today, and earn a name in perpetuity and render thousands of children happy and healthy. Industries should undertake to provide cheap and sanitary housing in the suburbs and the outskirts of the Greater Bombay, and bear the cost of transport. For after all, a contented and healthy labour means more efficient work, and as such, is an asset to the industries.

In Calcutta, during the Mayoralty of late Deshbandhu C. R. Das, a number of old rickety buildings at different localities which have been marring the beauty of the city, were pulled down, and in their places beautiful and well-planned parks and playgrounds were created, where children could breathe the fresh air and 'breathe through their legs', by participating in organised and educative play activities.

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It had been the record of playgrounds the world over that delinquency among juveniles, and criminal activities among youngmen have been considerably reduced in areas where playgrounds are established. Crime is largely the result of thwarting the natural play instincts of the young human being. Crime as a play instinct is a pretty thought. The hours of leisure are usually hours of danger, often mis-directed or ill-spent. There is much truth in the maxim that the idle man's mind is the devil's workshop. The proper uses of the leisure has become one of the most pressing social problems at the present time. More than 90 per cent of the criminal acts are committed during leisure time. This is more true of juvenile delinquency. If children have opportunities of using their pent-up energies in parks, playgrounds, gymnasiums and other wholesome ways, they will not insist on committing acts that jeopardise the public welfare. Play socialises the fighting instinct, at the same time providing opportunities for giving vent to it. The child which developes tuberculosis, defective posture, vicious or immoral tendencies, is usually the child that had missed the priceless values of vigorous, recreative and health-giving organised play. There is no place better than the playground where we can inculcate health habits, the spirit of give and take, and good fellowship.

★

The law of prohibition commends itself to the public opinion in India, and as such it had not been premature. All religions favour such a social reform; even the drunkards are ashamed to admit that they drink, except perhaps in cosmopolitan towns like Bombay, where they feel that it is a part of the so-called civilization. All the political parties should have worked for it whole-heartedly. But the inevitable taxation had unfortunately caused much bitterness, and these have been given political colour to cloud the issue. Though the law of prohibition has been torpedoed by legal technicalities, all parties and sections of the public believe in the temperance work as such; the labour classes are immensely benefitted by the welfare work, initiated by the late Congress Government, as a substitution and counter-attraction for the drink-evil. These Welfare Schemes should not only be supported by the present Government, but speedily and extensively developed so that in due course compulsion by law may become superfluous. The Government survey at Ahmedabad Dry-area has shown conclusively a marked improvement in the economic conditions, increased purchasing powers, utilizations of savings in advancing material amenities of life, and an all-round beneficial effects on the physical, mental and moral life of the people. Industry has benefitted by increased efficiency and less absenteeism. The Police Commissioner of Bombay in his report admits 'that prohibition has been beneficial is evinced by the appreciable drop in hurt and cognate offences. The average of 63 a month dropped to 47, while in non-cognizable cases of assault there is a drop from the average of 1,521 a month to 1,023'. Undoubtedly, liquor directly and indirectly helps crime. So far as the under-nourished, over-worked, ill-housed labouring classes are concerned, drink is a greater menace than even the ever-threatening modern warfare that is sweeping over the world to-day.

The Government scheme of Welfare work should not only be made available for the labouring classes, but to the non-labour, under-privileged public as well. Health consciousness can fight the drink evil more effectively than even the law. As the first step, the Government and the Municipality should make up their minds to clear the slums, the breeding places of all the epidemics, crimes and vices, and create in their places health-generating organised playgrounds and welfare centres.

Naval Power In The Mediterranean

WEAKNESS THAT HASTENED ITALY'S DEFEAT

LONDON, (By Cable).

Lord Strabolgi writes:—

The Italian defeats both in North Africa and in Albania have been brought about largely by the use of sea power. Marshal Graziani has admitted frankly in his dispatches that the British forces in the Middle East have the superiority in mechanised equipment and artillery. The Italian colony of Libya is only a short distance from the Italian mainland. Yet because British naval power is exercised in the Mediterranean it was rendered difficult for equipment and reinforcements to be sent from Italy. Because the British Commonwealth maintained effective control over the ocean trade routes, it was possible to send British equipment and reinforcements, partly through the Mediterranean itself and partly by way of the Cape of Good Hope For the same reason important reinforcements could be sent to Egypt from India, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa. This was done without serious interference from the Italian Navy. Not only was this strategical use of sea power important but tactically the greatest help was given to the British Imperial forces by Britain's Navy and no similar help could be rendered by Italian naval forces to the Italian Army. Thus land communications, which are difficult in the Western Desert and also in Libya itself, were supplemented in the case of Britain by the use of ships working along the coast. The British Imperial Armies advanced from Mersah Matruh to Sidi Barrani and then to Bardia and Tobruk; they were assisted by the rapid transport of water, provisions and ammunition by ships landed at every new port captured from the Italians. The great assault on Bardia itself was assisted to a considerable extent by sea bombardment. Furthermore at many points Italian lines of communication from Tripoli, the capital of Libya, to the front line are within gun range of warships at sea. Transports of munitions, provisions and water moving along this coastal road have been subject to gunfire from British warships with amazing results. Now the main line of communication by land of the British Imperial Army also runs along the sea coast. Its most important element is the railway from Alexandria to Mersah Matruh. For much of its length it is within range of warships lying along the coast. The Italian Navy has been prevented from bombarding this important railway line again because of British sea control. Contrary to the expectations of many experts, the numerically superior Italian air forces have been unable to redress the balance. Contrary to these expectations, bombardments by British warships of Bardia and other Italian positions have not been hampered by air attack. The reported sending of German air reinforcements to Italy for the North African and Albanian campaigns are probably a belated attempt to correct this situation.

* * * *

In the Albanian campaign British naval power, with Greek assistance, has hampered the sending of reinforcements and supplies from Italy to Albania. The same use of sea power has prevented the Italian Navy from attacking the long and exposed coasts of Greece. If the Italians had command of the sea they could, for example, have made landings at many points along Greek coast and entered the Aegean and attacked Salonica by sea. If Italy had command of the seas her forces could have occupied the strategically important island of Crete and not the British. It is the use of sea power exercised by Britain which has enabled help in aircraft and munitions to be sent to Greece. Indeed, the air force operating overseas depends on sea power for transport and the immense ground organisation required for efficiency. When the historian of the future describes these campaigns, he will trace the Italian defeats to the failure of the Italian Navy to win sea control in the Eastern Mediterranean. The historian of the future will also describe how control of ocean trade routes was the principal factor in sapping the strength of Nazi Germany by cutting off her export trade and preventing the importation of irreplaceable materials from extra-European sources.

Frankly Speaking

Thai-French Trouble

That little "undeclared war" between Thailand and French Indo-China is also going great guns, as it were. And important victories have been achieved simultaneously by both sides. Moreover, the informal belligerents are striving might and main in pursuit, or defence, of their mutually conflicting rights. Sometime ago we suggested that while the essential claims of Thailand might be justified, the time chosen to press them was open to question. Why did Thailand choose such a time then? Some observers believe that Japan, already in possession of strategic places in Indo-China, incited Thailand to quarrel with the latter and thus create incidents for her own plans of expansion southwards. This view is strengthened by recent statements in Japan in support of Thailand and in bitter denunciation of the French. But is not all this likely to annoy Herr Hitler, the protector of Vichy? One answer given by certain British publicists is that it will, on the contrary, suit Hitler. The Fuehrer, it is suggested, has been pressing Japan to start things in "South Seas", with the double object of diverting Anglo-American attention to the Far East and of putting pressure upon Vichy to accede to his own demands. Whether Japan will actually challenge America and Britain is still uncertain. But this theory of trouble in the South Seas is not quite unlikely.

A Historic Address

It was truly a historic and unique occasion when President Roosevelt took the oath of office as the third-time President of the United States. And the inaugural address delivered by him will go down in American annals as no less historic and unique. It was a fervent declaration of the faith in democracy which he and his people entertain in their breasts "Democracy is not dying, we know it because we have seen it revive—and grow. We know it cannot die"—those words will echo through the minds not only of Americans but also of all those the world over who cherish human freedom. In keeping with the solemnity of the setting, the President rightly refrained from referring to any controversial topics. But his very emphasis in the faith of America, the product of centuries since the Pilgrim Fathers set sail for the New World of Hope and Liberty, must have kindled a glow in the heart of his audience. "In the face of perils never before encountered, our strong purpose is to strengthen and perpetuate the integrity of democracy; we shall not retreat; we are not content to stand still." This assurance, apart from its heartening appeal to Americans, really inaugurates a new era for international democracy itself.

Swadeshi Education

Dr. G. S. Arundale is a well-known educationist and has actively interested himself in national education for over thirty years. There is no exaggeration in his view that "there is little hope for the future of India in any field of activity until there is a rebirth of her essential Swadeshi education" and that "the pillars of this new education must be the individual and must be within the home in which the individual functioned." We believe that these views are shared by Gandhiji and are in no small measure responsible for what is known as the Wardha Scheme. That scheme has already been appreciably improved in the light of authoritative educational opinion and may undergo further modifications in the future. But its essential features like emphasis on productive manual work and its due co-relation with other subjects in the elementary curriculum are both educationally sound and admirably suited to a poor country like India. A model school under this scheme will be truly like a home in which the average Indian lives and functions. Dr. Arundale will do a great service by suggesting specific improvements in the scheme.

Rural Poverty

An economic survey conducted by the Madras University is reported to have led to the conclusions, among others, that there is enormous poverty and unemployment in rural areas, that rural incomes range from Rs. 40 to Rs. 73 per head, and that while the economic activities of Government in the past have appreciably benefited the urban classes, the beneficial effect on the rural classes has not been "so appreciable." These are old discoveries and we should like economic experts to suggest ways and means of remedying the persisting, if not growing, poverty and unemployment in rural areas. A village industry like Khaddar, can, by utilising spare hours, increase the earnings of a family by about 50 per cent. Expert economists should make a special investigation of the possibilities of cottage industries.

Libraries—But Who Will Pay For Them?

Delivering the inaugural address at the Delhi Library Association, Sir Maurice Gwyer emphasized the value of libraries in the spread and maintenance of libraries. "Libraries," he said, "are not merely collections, as they often are, of dusty books on dusty shelves, but can be the most powerful and democratic instruments for the spread of culture and enlightenment that we have." We entirely agree with Sir Maurice but we feel a nation-wide system of libraries cannot be created overnight nor can they by themselves solve the problem of illiteracy. They will emerge only when the State takes up a programme of educational reconstruction, and their cultural influence will be most felt only as an integral part of such a scheme. Sporadic efforts to found a library here and a library there can at best be mere scratching the surface of illiteracy. With such a vast bulk of national revenues being dissipated on a costly top-heavy bureaucracy where is the money for "a library in every village" that Sir Maurice wants?

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"BENARES, Jan. 21. A resolution stressing the need of unity among different groups in the Congress was passed here at an "Independence Week" meeting organized by the Forward Bloc.—A. P.

* * * *

The All-India States Muslim League is shortly to consider "the question of increasing the support to the war effort by the States Muslim League"

The effort, we are glad to assure you, relates to the world war.

By the way, the States Muslim League is the spiritual child of the one and only All-India Muslim League.

* * * *

Messrs. Jinnah and Savarkar have both issued instructions to their followers as to what they should and should not do during census operations.

An interesting time ought to be had by all on census day—or is it night?

* * * *

"A nation like a person has a mind—a mind that must be kept informed and alert ....." President Roosevelt at the inauguration of his hat trick.

We cannot agree. It would involve the repeal of Defence of India Rules.

* * * *

Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini are officially stated to have met.

They came, they saw but the announcement will perhaps come later that Benito Caesar was completely conquered.

* * * *

The meeting, it is stated, was conducted in a spirit of "close military ties between the German and Italian nations."

Which reminds us of Marshal Petain's mention of the rope round his neck.

* * * *

Explaining the recent developments, a Vichy communique recalls how "for reasons of high domestic policy Marshal Petain decided on December 13 to dispense with the assistance of M. Laval."

And now the Marshal has to dispense with the reasons of high domestic policy for reasons of low domestic policy.

* * * *

According to the German News Agency, Colonel William Donovan, President Roosevelt's personal representative, has arrived at Sofia.

Poor innocent King Boris and Premier Filoff may have to drag themselves to Berchtesgaden again.

* * * *

The British Government have stopped the export of "gears" to Japan.

Then they must not blame the latter for any trouble that may arise later. The great need of a Japan running amuck is, as everybody knows, gears.

* * * *

"Libraries" he said, "are not merely collections, as they too often are, of dusty books on dusty shelves but can be the most powerful and democratic instruments for the spread of culture and enlightenment that we have."

—Sir Maurice Gwyer.

The Chief Justice of India ought to meet our pet intellectual bore and then he will cease praising libraries.

* * * *

She: "Sorry I can't accept you. Circumstances over which I have no control prevent me."

He: "And what are those circumstances?"

She: "Yours."

No Revolt Of Communist Army In China

United Resistance To Japan's Aggression Continues, Says Consul-General In India

CALCUTTA, January 21.

"The whole incident is not exactly in the nature of a revolt, but an act of disobedience of orders on the part of the Fourth Route (Communist) Army in China" remarked Mr. C. C. Huang, Consul-General for China, when interviewed by the Associated Press regarding the reported revolt of the above mentioned Communist army.

UNITED RESISTANCE TO JAPAN

"The incident", proceeded Mr Huang, "will in no way affect China's determined policy to resist Japanese aggression."

The Consul-General said that the Fourth Route Army was only a small part of the main Communist Army operating in the province of Kiangsu in East China The action against them was taken by the Central Government which included among its members important representatives of the Communist Party.

"China's determination to resist Japanese aggression is a policy," he added "which is supported by all the political parties in China including the Communist Party, and the incident will in no way hamper the progress so far made in the united effort of the Kuomintang and the Communist Party in resisting Japanese aggression."

Referring to Yeh-Ting, leader of the Fourth Route Army, Mr. Huang pointed out that he was of no importance in the Communist Party, whose leaders were all loyal to the Central Government. —A. P.

SEVERAL NEW R.A.F. SQUADRONS RAISED

(Continued from Page 1)

the machines and the efficiency and endurance of the pilots."

INCREASED PRODUCTION.

Dealing with Britain's own effort, Mr. Bevin recalled that despite the shortening of daylight hours and increased determined enemy attacks, the high production of last summer was maintained and in many cases increased in the last quarter of 1940. Some of the more important items had actually very considerably increased over anything previously accomplished. The output of all essential weapons and ammunition was still rising and would represent a formidable advance in the first quarter of 1941 Quantities of equipment required nowadays for a given number of men are naturally much larger and performance must reach a higher standard owing to complexities of design.

GUNS AND MACHINE-GUNS

Nevertheless if he were at liberty to reveal the rate at which Divisions were now equipped with guns and machine-guns, it would give the House much encouragement. The aeroplane as a fighting instrument was undergoing a process of rapid evolution. Scientists were working at top speed. Notwithstanding that some of our plants had sometimes been working less than full capacity owing to changes of type and method, the Ministry of Aircraft Production delivered to the Air Force weekly since the beginning of September more new operational machines than had been lost by the forces in the air or on the ground.

That was quite apart from the vast processes of repair.

MANY NEW SQUADRONS

In the last few months, the R.A.F., had created many new squadrons and sent abroad many planes which contributed considerably to the brilliant victories of our Greek Allies and the British forces in Libya.

Nothing which the Ministry of Aircraft Production could try had been neglected and special attention was directed to improving the flow of production.

INCREASED TONNAGE

Regarding the navy which "has a task to perform which was done by five navies at the end of the last war" Mr. Bevin said that it was entitled to receive both in the use of shipping repairs and in production the greatest possible assistance to enable it carry its burden. The naval tonnage under construction at the outbreak of war was already greater than the peak under construction in 1914 and 1919 and since the outbreak of the war there had been further great expansion. The number and tonnage of vessels completed showed an even better picture Warships were incomparably more complex than in the last war. Naval construction and repairs necessarily, set a limit to what could be achieved regarding merchant shipping but mercantile tonnage completed in the last six months showed an increase of more than 30 per cent over the figures for the first half of 1940.

Mr. Bevin continued: "High place must be given to the requirements of conversion and repairs of merchant and naval tonnage. Capacity had also been increased to meet the demands of general engineering and metal products involved and attention was also being given to the problem of repair and quick turn round of shipping.

MOBILISING MANPOWER

The use of manpower in handling cargo, building and repair must be improved and if we were to impose obligations and insist upon contnuity of effort, we must have a permanent, organised, mobile Labour force, good co-ordinated management and utilisation of every available facility.

Mr. Bevin and other Ministers were having frank consultations with those concerned and if the problem was tackled with imagination and vigour, he was confident that they could enlist the great spirit of men and management.

EXPORTS LOOK UP

On the financial side, there was the creditable fact that the British exports in December were £24,400,000 exceeding the November figure by £2,700,000, notwithstanding loss of markets due to the blockade of Central Europe, supply of large quantities of material to the army of the Nile, which was not included in the figure, and the fact that trade in the Eastern Mediterranean was subject to obvious handicaps—which was a tribute to the manner in which British industries adapted themselves to changed conditions. By co-operation with the army, many of the forces were being used more fully to build their own accommodation like camps, thereby releasing labour to tackle more vigorously the problem of house repair.

VOLUNTARY LABOUR

A fact that Government's compulsory powers over Labour had not had to be used to any great extent proved that great masses of people were in dead earnest willing to do almost anything to win the war. The number of people engaged in munitions production was now greater than in July 1918. The reservoir of unemployed men was now practically dry. He expected that before long arrangements would have to be made to register men of 19 years as well as those over 36 for fighting services. The position would be met by tapping unused resources and ensuring that labour force was employed to the fullest possible advantage. Much would be achieved by voluntary means but it would be necessary to have industrial registration by age groups without exception of rank or anything else. Many women who in normal circumstances would not take employment would be called in service. There would be a great need in offices and industry for women to replace men.

GOVT. CONTROL.

In certain vital types of war work, the right of dismissal must be taken out of the employers' hands except for misconduct.

On the other hand, no employee would be permitted to leave vital work without the permission of a national service officer.

There would be safeguards for both the employees and employers. **Management of personnel** would be controlled and inefficient management would be replaced.

Systematic short time must be avoided and minimum number of hours of work must be prescribed. These directions would only be used in services in the interests of State and for war effort.

Work people would readily respond because none was more firmly determined to eradicate the curse of Hitlerism from the world. Overwhelming response of the people would not only surprise the dictators but bring victory within our grasp (Cheers). —Reuter.

"Daily Worker" & "The Week" Suppressed

Fomenting Opposition To Successful Prosecution Of War?

LONDON, Jan. 21.

Britain's leading communist newspaper "Daily Worker" has been suppressed by the Government under the Defence Regulations.

Another left-wing periodical called "The Week" has been similarly suppressed.

The Home Secretary is satisfied that these papers systematically publish matter calculated to foment opposition to the successful prosecution of the war states an official announcement. —Reuter.

Gujarat College Strike

Students Formulate Demands: Authorities' Reply Awaited

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 21.

The situation in the Gujarat College after the removal of the names of P. D. Patel, President Students' Representative Council and two other students from the college register has become very critical. Local Congressmen and prominent citizens have intervened to bring about a compromise between the college authorities and the students; but there was no sign of hope upto noon.

STRIKERS' DEMANDS

A meeting of the students was held at noon near the college when about 1,000 students were present. The students have placed the following demands for compromise:

Withdrawal of suspension of the S.R.C.

Freedom of speech and assembly in the college premises.

According to the constitution and conventions of S.R.C. no interference of Principal in the work of the S.R.C.

Withdrawal of the action against student workers and

No victimisation of students.

These demands were explained by Miss Mrudula Sarabhai who was present at the meeting.

The College authorities will give their final reply at 5 p.m. to the Committee appointed by the citizens for an honourable settlement.

Almost all students have assured support to the strike, if compromise is not reached.

LONDON, Jan. 21

It is officially announced that four lives were lost in an explosion at a Scottish arms factory this afternoon.

An immediate inquiry is being held. Material damage was slight —Reuter.

FOOD PARCELS TO PRISONERS IN GERMANY

LONDON, Jan. 21.

Difficulty of getting food parcels by tortuous routes to sorely pressed British war prisoners in Germany was again raised in the Commons to-day when it was officially disclosed that over a quarter million parcels had been dispatched by the general Post Office during the past month and that during December, a 100 000 and over a hundred tons of food left Geneva for camps in Germany.

The War Secretary Capt. Margesson said that a special Commissioner who had gone to Lisbon to investigate the delay in the transmission of parcels had ascertained that the parcels were seriously delayed in transmission across the Ibernian Peninsula and France. Consequently, ships had been chartered to convey parcels by sea direct to Marseilles or other convenient ports.

Parcels had also been sent by a new overland route through Portugal, Spain and occupied France direct to camps in Germany and if this route was successful it would be developed.—Reuter.

Anti-Nazi Coup In Rumania

Heavy Casualties On Both Sides

SOFIA, Jan. 21.

Heavy casualties are reported on both sides, many Germans being killed, as the result of an attempted "coup d'etat" in Rumania which began in Bucharest on Monday and spread throughout the country and is said to be continuing.

The present situation is however uncertain as all communication between Rumania and Bulgaria has been cut.

The first news of the revolt to reach Bulgaria appeared in this morning's newspapers.

They say that the revolt was led by communist elements and Iron Guard dissidents and was directed against the existing regime and the Germans in Rumania.—Reuter.

RUMANIAN MINISTER RESIGNS

BERLIN, Jan. 21.

General Petrovicescu, the Rumanian Minister for the Interior, has resigned and his successor will be General Popescu, states a Bucharest dispatch to the German News Agency.—Reuter.

POLICE GUARD FOR MINISTERS

ROME, Jan. 21.

Some ministers in Bucharest are guarded by the police and the Wireless station is protected by a military guard according to Bucharest newspapers quoted here.

These newspapers publish accounts of a demonstration staged by certain members of the Iron Guard on Monday evening but emphasise that these were orderly and insist that order prevails in Bucharest.—Reuter.

NAZI MILITARY MISSION MEMBER SHOT DEAD

BELGRADE, Jan. 21.

Major Doehring, a member of the German military mission in Rumania was shot dead on Monday in front of the Ambassador hotel in Bucharest, the headquarters of the mission, according to news received here.

His assailant is stated to have fired five revolver shots. A man has been arrested who is said to be a Greek named Axiotti, described as a former boxer.

The police declare that the crime has no political motive but resulted from a brawl in a cafe. Nevertheless there are unconfirmed rumours that all Greeks have been forbidden to enter or leave Rumania as from to-day.—Reuter.

Arrests In Greek Colony

BERLIN.—Prominent memoers of the Greek Colony in Bucharest have been arrested in connection with the murder of Maj. Doehring, according to a Bucharest despatch to the German News Agency.—Reuter.

HUNGARIAN MISSION LEAVES FOR MOSCOW

LONDON, Jan. 21.

An Hungarian Mission to negotiate in Moscow for direct passenger and goods traffic and also for telephone and telegraph communications between Hungary and Russia left for Moscow on Monday, according to the Budapest radio. —Reuter.

ABANDON POLICY OF NEUTRALITY

HONGKONG, Jan. 21

After an informal meeting local Irishmen cabled Mr. De Valera.

"Irishmen in Hongkong join their compatriots in Malaya and North America strongly urging the fullest support and co-operation with the British Commonwealth of Nations in the war against dictatorship and immediate abandonment of the present policy of neutrality."—Reuter

BOMBS DROPPED IN LONDON OUTSKIRTS

LONDON, Jan. 21.

There has been considerable enemy air activity over the eastern part of England during daylight to-day (Tuesday) but no important attack has developed.

It is officially stated that a few bombs fell in the outskirts of London and at points in the Home and Eastern counties. Some damage was done to houses but very few casualties are reported.

Roosevelt's Special Envoy In Sofia

Carries Message From President To King Boris

SOFIA, Jan. 21.

Colonel Donovan, President Roosevelt's special envoy has arrived here from Athens. He told the Press that he was remaining in Sofia for several days to see various officials.

He hoped to be received by the Prime Minister Professor Filoff and the Foreign Minister, M. Popoff.

Much interest is being taken here in Colonel Donovan's visit in view of the present situation in the Balkans.

It is now known that Colonel Donovan will see M. Popoff at 11-20 a. m. to-day and Professor Filoff at 5 p. m.

It is rumoured that apart from President Roosevelt's desire to establish contacts and gain first hand information regarding the Balkans situation Col. Donovan is bearing a special message from President Roosevelt to King Boris.

It is recalled here that there has never been any actual war between America and Bulgaria and that at Versailles the United States supported the Bulgarian cause.—Reuter.

U. S. MINISTER AND AMBASSADOR FOR BRITAIN

NEW YORK, Jan. 21

President Roosevelt intends to appoint a Minister as well as an Ambassador to London according to reliable information in Washington, says the "New York Post."

This unusual course, the newspaper says, is due to the aid-for-Britain programme.

It is understood that the Minister will be familiar with Defence production problems and that neither he nor the Ambassador will be professional diplomats.—Reuter.

Protecting The President

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.

The man who was arrested with a loaded revolver in the square frontier White House just before the President returned from the Capitol told the police that he was on duty protecting the President. This was also the excuse of a second person, who was arrested while brandishing a sword on the fringe of the crowd watching the procession.—Reuter

S. African Force

ITCHING FOR A "GO" AT ITALIANS

LONDON, Jan. 21.

From a special correspondent with the South African forces in East Africa:—Picked South African troops holding northern frontier of Kenya are straining at the leash in their eagerness to have a 'go' at the Italians. Their appetite has been whetted by the successful action at El Wak when strong Italian positions were wiped out.

General Smuts' recent statement that the time had come for action has further encouraged the South African force among whom a sense of expectancy now prevails. A noticeable change in the strategic outlook has occurred since the beginning of the war when there were fears that the Italians in Abyssinia should invade Kenya. If ever they contemplated doing so they have lost their chance. Although Italian troops in Abyssinia might once have been used as a striking force, they are now merely a garrison. South Africans and other Empire troops pinned down a considerable number of the enemy while the British Imperial Force in East Africa grew to its present reassuring strength.

It is believed that following their reverse at El Wak the Italians have withdrawn their defensive lines further inside Italian Somaliland.—Reuter.

NEGUS ENTERTAINS SUDAN GOVERNOR

KHARTOUM, Jan. 21.

Ras Kassa, the most important of Haile Selassie's Generals during the Italo-Abyssinian War arrived here to-day with his family.

The Emperor to-day entertained the Governor of the Sudan and military and civic heads at his Palace here.

The British reoccupation of Kassala has caused great satisfaction throughout the Sudan and officials have now returned there. —Reuter.

TILAK'S FAST ISSUE IN COURT

POONA, Jan. 21.

Mr. K. N. Phadke, who appeared in the City Magistrate's Court yesterday as "amicus curiae" and argued that the summons issued on Mr. R. B. Tilak was "ultra vires" had filed an application in the court last evening to the effect that the process issued against Mr. Tilak was "ultra vires" and should, therefore, be cancelled.

The Magistrate rejected his application to-day.

BRITISH SHIPS STILL COMMAND THE SEAS

ADMIRAL OF THE FLEET ON FUTILITY OF NAZI AIR ATTACKS ON NAVY

LONDON, January 21.

That ships could still command the sea was the war's outstanding lesson, said Admiral of the Fleet, Lord Chatfield, a former Minister for the Co-ordination of Defence, addressing the Royal Empire Society in London to-day.

Futile Nazi Attack

He added that the "Southampton" was the first large ship sunk as the result of an air attack since the war began. "We need not be unduly concerned by the recent air attack on the fleet in the Mediterranean", said Lord Chatfield. It was no more severe than the Home Fleet had suffered in the North Sea a year ago.

"If you fight hard, you must expect losses," he continued. "Rather can we take confidence from the fact that if we have lost one cruiser, it was the first large ship sunk as a consequence of air attack in eighteen months of war. Who would have believed in two years ago that this would have been all the German Air Force could have accomplished with their innumerable opportunities?

SHIPS STILL DOMINATE

The outstanding lesson of this war is that ships can still command the sea, and in my opinion they will ever do so, for fundamental reasons. It is just a question of how much weight you care to devote to anti-aircraft defence in its various forms. But these things can only be determined by experience—and experience may be dearly learned. Our Empire is a sound affair and we need not fear it is going to perish from air attack so long as its sons remain true to the type of those who created it."—Reuter.

AIR RAID ON MALTA

MALTA, Jan. 21.

Malta had two air raid warnings yesterday morning but no bombs were dropped.

No planes were seen after the first alert but after the second alert, single planes flew over and anti-aircraft guns went into action.—Reuter.

Enemy Losses In Malta Bombing

MALTA Jan. 21

It is officially announced that enemy losses during Sunday's divebombing raids were 19, eleven by fighters and eight by anti-aircraft.—Reuter.

VALONA BOMBED AGAIN

LONDON, Jan. 21.

An R.A.F. Communique states that Valona was subjected to the heaviest bombing attack hitherto carried out in that region. A heavy raid was made during the night of January 19, 20 followed by further raids during the day A large explosion occurred in the target area and a number of fires were caused. High explosive bombs fell on buildings and the foreshore causing considerable damage.—Reuter.

"Stand Or Fall By Azad Pact"

Allahbux Determined To Go Out Of League Ministry

KARACHI, Jan. 21.

His determination and that of his non-Muslim League supporters "to stand or fall by the Azad Pact" and that they could not identify themselves with the Muslim League was declared by Khan Bahadur Allahbux in the course of an interview on Sheikh Abdul Majid's statement.

Khan Bahadur Allahbux said that in the event of the Muslim League Party being able to form a Ministry, his party would naturally go out, which meant his own resignation from the Ministry.

The arrangement was, he added, that Mir Bundehali Khan Talpur was to resign on February 15 and Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah was to step in; and further, the Premier was not to be appointed from among the League Group.—United Press.

"UNTIL BRITISH FLEET RETIRES!"

German Air Squadrons To Increase Pressure On Sicily:

LONDON, Jan. 21.

An early sequel to Hitler's meeting with Mussolini is likely to be the dispatch of more German air squadrons to the Mediterranean to increase the pressure on the nerve centre—the Sicilian channel—until, it is planned, the British fleet retires, says Reuter's Air Correspondent. The total of the German aircraft based in Sicily when the operations began was not large, it is now known, and probably did not exceed one hundred. The heavy losses already suffered necessitate a quick replacement and a possible strengthening of the units, if the main idea behind the German plan of air aid to Italy is not to suffer an early irreparable reverse. The pilots and crews who have died in the raids on the neighbouring British base of Malta were picked men.

TWO-FRONT WAR.

The main Nazi idea was German control from the air of the narrowest part of the Mediterranean and it is unlikely to have changed yet. Some more German long-range bombers may also be sent to Italy to bolster up the flagging striking power of the Italian air force in Africa and Albania. Hitler is believed to have put between three hundred and five hundred planes, and the men to fly them, in Rumania together with supplies. Whether he intends to use this force against Greece or against another Balkan state no one knows. It is probable, however, that they are there as a precaution against —rather than as a sign of—the opening of a two-front war on land.

REST FOR PILOTS.

It is thought that Marshal Goering, meanwhile, is giving his pilots and crews in the west as much rest as possible which would account for the gaps in the night offensive against Britain when the weather although poor had not been bad enough to stop the operations altogether and would explain the other night raids ending before midnight.

HITLER 'ORDER' DELIVERED TO PETAIN

LONDON, Jan. 21.

A statement issued at Vichy says that Herr Abetz, Hitler's representative in Paris met Marshal Petain at Vichy and delivered a communication from Hitler.

The statement adds that Marshal Petain's reply was handed over to Herr Abetz by Admiral Darlan.—Reuter.

DUCE MEETS HITLER. HAT IN HAND

LONDON, Jan. 21.

An Ankara newspaper commenting on the Hitler-Mussolini meeting says that there is great difference between this meeting of Hitler and Mussolini and the last one. When they met the last time they met as equals but this time Mussolini met Hitler not as an equal but to beg Hitler to help him to restore the waning Fascist prestige.—Reuter.

MUSSOLINI BACK IN ROME

LONDON, Jan. 21.

Sgr. Mussolini returned to Rome this morning accompanied by Count Ciano, states the German Radio.—Reuter.

THAI-INDO-CHINA NEGOTIATIONS?

LONDON, Jan. 21.

A Communique says that information has been received from Thailand and messages emitted by the Bangkok wireless give rise to the belief that the Thai Government could envisage the resumption of direct contact with Indo-China.

It will be recalled that the dispute concerns claims to frontier territory.—Reuter.

Three And Half Year' Malabar D.L.B. Member

Satyagraha Convictions And Arrests In Various Provinces

MADRAS, January 21.

A Calicut message says Mr. Moyarath Sankaran, a member of the Malabar District Board, has been sentenced to two years' and one and a half year's rigorous imprisonment under two counts under Rule 38(5) of the Defence of India Rules, the sentences to run consecutively.

Mr. Sankaran was charged for a speech delivered by him at a Village Political Conference in June last.—A.P.

Arrested In Front Of I. G.'s Office

MADRAS, Jan. 20.

Mr. R. Venkatappa, Treasurer, Madras District Andhra Congress Committee offered Satyagraha this evening by shouting anti-war slogans in Telugu and English in front of the office of the Inspector-General of Police. L. was taken to the Mylapore police station and will be produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-morrow.—A. P.

Tamil Nad Convictions

MADRAS, Jan. 20.

Mr. C. S. Narayanaswami Aiyar, who offered Satyagraha to-day at Theagarayangar was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. He was placed in "B" class.

Mr. A. M. Venkoba Rao, who uttered anti-war slogan in front of a temple in Georgetown, was also convicted by the Magistrate and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. He was placed in "C" class.—A. P.

FINE PAID.

MADRAS, Jan. 20.

The fine of Rs. 250 imposed on Mrs. Rajam Raguraja Bharathi in connection with her conviction for Satyagraha was paid on Friday last. The jewels seized by the police for the realisation of the fine will consequently be returned.—A. P.

CONVICTIONS IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 21

Mr. Theagaraja Pillai, president of the Mylapore Congress Sabha, who offered Satyagraha this morning by shouting anti-war slogan was sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 250.

Mr. Venketappa, treasurer, Madras District Andhra Congress Committee, who was arrested last evening for offering Satyagraha was produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate this morning when he was remanded to custody till tomorrow.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHA IN CITY AND SUBURBS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Kashiprasad Singh, Municipal Corporator, and Mr. Jagdev Shanker Sharma, member of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, sent intimation to the Commissioner of Police this morning of their intention to offer Satyagraha in the city tomorrow evening They propose to shout anti-war slogans at Parbhadevi Corner, Dadar, at 6 p.m.

In the Bombay Suburban District, Mr. Shamrao Moreshwar Chogle proposes to offer Satyagraha at Gorai Road near Ghodbunder Road at 8-30 a.m. tomorrow.

The next batch of Congressmen from the city of Bombay, it is understood, will offer Satyagraha after the Independence Day which falls on January 26.

THREE CONGRESSMEN JAILED

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, Monday.

Mr. B. V Trivedi, Kalyan Sub-Divisional Magistrate, tried to-dav in jail three "Satyagrahis" from Palghar Taluka, Mukundrao Save, well-known Congress worker of Bordi, Raghunath Laxman Shinde from Mahim and Narayan Raghunath Dandekar from Satpati.

They were convicted and sentenced as follows: Mukundrao Save to suffer simple imprisonment for six months and a fine of Rs. 25 or in default 15 days' further simple imprisonment, R. L. Shinde and N. R. Dandekar to suffer each simple imprisonment for seven months and to pay a fine of Rs. 25 or in default to undergo a further period of 15 days' simple imprisonment.

Arrests And Convictions

BOMBAY, Jan. 21.

Following is a list of persons arrested and sentenced under the Defence of India Rules for offering Satyagraha:

SENTENCED

JUBBULPORE:—Wamanrao Nalwar—till rising or the court and fined Rs. 100 and Pooranlal Agrawala—four months' R.I.

WARDHAGANJ: — Bhaurao Shende—fine Rs. 200.

MEERUT:—Krishna Chandra Sharma, General Secretary of the District Satyagraha Committee—six months' S.I.

JUBBULPORE: — Harnarayan Bajpeyi, President, Town Congress —six months' R.I. and Rs. 100 fine. Seth Soubhagyamal Lunia Rs. 200 fine.

ELLORE:—Mothey Narayanrao, ex-M.L.C., and President, Ellore Town Congress Committee—six months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 100, default two months.

ARRESTED

JUBBULPORE: — Dwarkadas Pugalia, Secretary, Town Congress and Kanhiyalal Bajari of Raipur.

MEERUT:—Choudhury Daniram.

WARDHAGANJ: — Trilokyanath Bhargava Arvi, Chairman, Local Board.—A.P.

Diva Congress Worker Jailed

(From Our Correspondent.)

PEN, Jan. 21.

Mr. Vithalrao Patil, a prominent Congress worker of Diva (Taluka Pen) was arrested here after delivering a lecture in a meeting and afterwards shouting anti-war slogans. He was sentenced by the First Class Magistrate, Pen, to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 25, in default to undergo sentence for one month. He was taken to Thana Jail immediately.

AGARWAL ARRESTED

POONA, Jan. 21.

Mr. Agarwal, Bar-at-Law, who offered Satyagraha to-day was arrested and taken to Yeravda Jail.—A.P.

BARAMATI CONGRESSMAN JAILED

POONA, Jan. 21.

Mr. P. P. Gaikwad, Pleader from Baramati, who offered Satyagraha yesterday at Baramati by shouting anti-war slogans and subsequently arrested was tried by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate who convicted and sentenced him to six months' simple imprisonment —A.P.

Rs. 100 Fine For East Khandesh Congress Secretary

JALGAON, Jan. 21.

Mr. Sitaram Birla, Secretary of the East Khandesh District Congress Committee, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 or in default to six weeks' simple imprisonment for anti-war speech.

Mrs. Shamkuvarbai Jagjivan, a 53 year old woman of Pachora was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 25 or in default to six weeks' simple imprisonment for shouting anti-war slogans.—A. P.

Five Women Convicted

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

Mrs. Asawati Devi, the first Satyagrahi of Ranchi district (Bihar), has been sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 30 in default, further imprisonment for one month.

Four women Satyagrahis of Jorhat (Assam), have each been sentenced to one day's imprisonment. Harinarayan Barua, who offered Satyagraha on January 18, has been arrested. One hundred and twenty-two more Congress workers of the district have declared their intention to offer Satyagraha.

Sitaram Saxeria, a member of the A.I.C.C. from Bengal, repeated his programme of Satyagraha at villages Kamarpole, Neyepara and Rampur in Diamond Harbour yesterday and today, and has declared his intention to continue to do so from day to day.

RESTRICTIONS ON LABOUR LEADER

A report from Sylhet states that Mr. Digendra Nath Das Gupta, vice-President of the Surma Valley Tea Gardens Labour Union, has been served with a notice under the Defence of India Rules, imposing certain restrictions on his movements.—A. P.

Convictions In Assam

CALCUTTA, Jan. 20.

Following are the convictions reported so far in connection with the Satyagraha movement in various Mofussil Districts:—

At Nowgong (Assam), Bapan Chandra Bhuyan has been sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment for offering Satyagraha at Jajari on January 16.

At Sibsagar (Assam), Bimalananda Deb Nath has been sentenced to imprisonment till the rising of the court for offering Satyagraha at village Jamuguri.

Umakanta Rajkowal, who was arrested on January 15 for shouting anti-war slogans, has been let off with a warning, the accused having pleaded guilty to a charge under the Press Emergency Act.—A. P.

Bengal Parliamentary Party Whip Gives Notice

CALCUTTA Jan. 20.

Dr. Nalinakshya Sanyal, Chief Whip of the Bengal Congress Parliamentary Party, has intimated the District Magistrate of Murshidabad of his intention to offer 'Satyagraha' on January 25.—United Press.

ARRESTS IN BROACH DISTRICT

(From Our Correspondent)

BROACH, (By Mail).

Sjt. Chhotubhai Motibhai Tegvawala, Sjt. Bhogilal Aditram Mashri and Sjt. Hirabhai Vithalbhai who had given notice to the District Magistrate, Broach of their intention to offer Satyagraha were arrested early this morning under Section, 129-A of the Defence of India Act. They were removed to Sabarmati Central Jail.

KAMALASHANKAR PANDYA JAILED

DOHAD, Jan. 21.

Mr. Kamalashankar Pandya, Vice-President of the Central India States People's Conference, was tried by Mr. Thakar, the First Class Magistrate, and was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. Mr. Pandya pleaded guilty.

He was taken in a motor lorry to the railway station and from there to the Sabarmati Jail.—United Press.

AHMEDABAD SATYAGRAHI ARRESTED

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 21.

Mr. Ambalal Haribhai Patel was arrested this morning at Isanpur village near Ahmedabad while offering Satyagraha by shouting anti-war slogans.—A. P.

BIHAR REQUEST TO MAHATMA

PATNA, Jan. 21.

The Bihar Provincial Municipal Association, it is understood, have urged upon Mahatma Gandhi in a representation the necessity of Congressmen remaining in local bodies generally, and in office where they command a majority support.—A. P.

Businessmen Stand By Congress

The support of the Commercial community to the Congress was once more pledged by speakers at a dinner given by Mr. Jayantilal Keshavlalu Kapadia to bid farewell to Messrs. Ganpatishankar Desai, Sunderdas Morarji, Bhawanishankar Ojha and other Satyagrahis of Bombay, at the Purohit Hotel, Churchgate, on Tuesday evening.

Besides the host and the guests named above, Messrs. Gordhandas G. Morarji, Vithaldas Jerajani and Vithaldas Govindji spoke, affirming their support to the Indian National Congress.

Bihar List For Mahatma's Approval

WARDHA, Jan. 21.

A list of four hundred Satyagrahis from Bihar has been submitted to Mahatma Gandhi for approval. The list is under consideration.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad had a talk with Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon.—A. P.

Two Women Convicted

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 21.

Mr. Nagindas Patel was arrested to-day at Teliya-Vasna in Ahmedabad district for offering Satyagraha by shouting anti-war slogans.

Mrs. Narmadaben Patel and her daughter, Miss Shardaben Patel, who were arrested while offering Satyagraha by shouting anti-war slogans at two different villages of Ahmedabad district were tried and sentenced to-day till the rising of the court and fined Rs. 100 each in default three months' simple imprisonment. They were given "C" class.—A. P.

Four Students Arrested

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

Mr. R. Achuthan, Secretary of the Madras Students' organisation and a student of the Law College and Mr. K. Ganesan, a student of the Presidency College were arrested this morning under Rule 26, of the Defence of India Rules.

They were taken later by the Bangalore Express to the Vellore Central Jail.

Two other students Mr. Abdul Latif of the Christian College, Tambaram, and Mr. S. M. Akbari of the Engineering College, Guindy, were also arrested to-day under the Defence of India Rules. —A. P.

Convictions At Surat

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Jan. 20.

For offering Satyagraha Mr. Pamabhai Patel from Pinjrat village of Olpad, Mr. Bhimbhai Naik from Bardoli, Mr. Maganlal Shah from Rander Mr. Gulabbhai Ranchhodji Naik from Saribujrag village and Mr. Mochdabhai Khalpabhai from Moritha were arrested and brought to Surat subjail where the city Magistrate Mr. Pradhan sentenced Mr. Gulabbhai Ranchhodji Naik to six months' imprisonment and others to four months' imprisonment each.

Almora Congressman Jailed

ALMORA, Jan. 20.

Thakur Durga Singh Rawat, Secretary of the Almora District Congress Committee and member of the U.P.C.C. who was arrested at Begeshwar, was sentenced to eight months' simple imprisonment by the City Magistrate, Almora, and was recommended "B" class.—A. P.

Punjab P. C. C. Member Jailed

MULTAN, Jan. 21.

Syed Matalbi member of the Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, has been sentenced to nine months' simple imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules. He was recommended "A" Class.—A.P.

RAJPUR CONGRESS PRESIDENT JAILED

DEHRA DUN, Jan. 21.

Mr. Shishram, President of the Mandal Congress Committee, Rajpur, and Mr Joti Prasad a leader of the Quomi Sewadal, were sentenced to-day to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 50 each in default three months' further imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Khimchand, a member of the D.C.C. was arrested to-day for offering Satyagraha.—A.P.

Convictions In Assam

SIBSAGAR (Assam) Jan. 21.

Sashidhar Phukan, Suchand Gogoi and Adiram Barua (62) have been sentenced to imprisonment till the rising of the court for offering Satyagraha in different villages.

The first list of 89 Satyagrahis, submitted by the Sibsagar District Congress Committee, having been approved by Mahatma Gandhi, a second list has been sent to him for approval.—A.P.

Arrests And Convictions In C. P. And Berar

NAGPUR, Jan. 21.

Mr. S. K. Wankhade, Bar-at-Law, Chairman of the Nagpur District Council, was arrested today at Ktatol, where he was to have offered Satyagraha.

Mr. Jayakrishna Kurhade, vice-President of the Amraoti Town Congress Committee who was to offer Satyagraha to-morrow, has been arrested.

Following convictions are reported:—Premchand Singhai of Damoh to four months and a fine of Re. 1. Chintamanrao Talwar of Bilaspur to six months' rigorous and a fine of Rs. 100.

Tatyaji Puranik of Wun till the rising of the court and a fine of Rs. 100.

W. B. Lakge, a member of the Raipur bar, to four months' simple imprisonment.

Chimansaheb Sedagaonkar, offered Satyagraha in Nagpur today.—A. P.

ARRESTED WHILE OFFERING SATYAGRAHA

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21

Choudhry Mathura Prasad was arrested from village Majra Davas, while offering Satyagraha.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHA IN FRONTIER

PESHAWAR, Jan. 21.

'Satyagraha' in the Frontier continued to-day in various places of the Province.—United Press.

Socialist Workers Arrested

PESHAWAR, Jan. 21.

Mr. Gulzarilal and Mr. Om Prakash, Socialist workers, both students of the National High School, were arrested this evening in Peshawar City for, it is alleged, being found in possession of the Christmas number of posters entitled "Bolshevic", by the C.I.D. Police under section 18 of the Press Act.—United Press.

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Rub this powerful ointment on throat and cover with warm flannel. Works like a poultice, while its vapours which you inhale soothe irritated membranes.

VICKS VAPORUB

MUTT AND JEFF—Mutt wants to Invest Jeff's 50 bucks to make Good Profit — By BUD FISHER

I'LL INVEST YOUR FIFTY BUCKS AS A DOWN PAYMENT ON A LOT AND THEN SELL IT AGAIN AT A GOOD PROFIT!
YESSIR, ALL MY LOTS IN THIS ROW ARE SOLD FOR $1,000 A LOT!
AND YOU WANT $1,000 CASH FOR A SMALL LOT 25 BY 100?
THAT'S MY PRICE, SIR! TAKE IT OR LEAVE IT!
WE'LL LEAVE IT! COME ON, JEFF!
WAIT, MUTT! GIVE THE MAN FOUR DOLLARS!
FOUR DOLLARS? WHAT FOR?
A PIECE OF DIRT FLEW IN MY EYE AND I CAN'T GET IT OUT!
Fisher

Parsi Gymkhana Tennis

Sutton & Mrs. Johnstone Win Mixed Title

Dilip Bose Betters Bekkevold: Charanjiva To Oppose Him In Singles Final

Dilip K. Bose Triumphed over F. Bekkevold on Tuesday in the Men's Singles and qualified to meet J. Charanjiva in the finals to-day. Charanjiva eliminated the Rasikumar of Wankaner in a great match.

Besides the above two semi-finals, the mixed doubles final was decided. Here, in a gruelling marathon affair, O. Sutton and Mrs. Johnstone prevailed against A. C. Pereira and Mrs. Seddon.

Many feel that Mrs. Johnstone has "the triple crown" awaiting for her. As on Tuesday she got the decision against Mrs. F. J. Maine in the second semi-final of the Women's Singles, and meets Miss P. de Lima to-day in the concluding match. Mrs. Johnstone with Mrs. Maine has also entered the final of the Women's Doubles and will meet this evening. Miss P. de Lima and Miss L. M. Merchant.

Anticipation of a keen match in the encounter where Dilip Bose and F. Bekkevold met held good. Bose served first but lost the game. He was guilty of two double faults. Bekkevold made it two love. He drove and placed perfectly, clipping the side lines beautifully, to the dismay of Bose. Bose made no mistake with his service when he got it for a second time. Lobbing astutely and putting in some real good work near the net he made the score 2-1. Bekkevold and Bose took their respective service game and the Board indicated 3-2 in favour of Bekkevold. Bose then broke through Bekkevold's service and three all was called. The seventh game, with Bose serving, was a duel. Deuce was called six times Bose reached game point on four occasions but failed to clinch the issue. He did it on the fifth time of asking (4-3). Bekkevold then squared accounts (4-4). Bose, serving well, and adding some accurate volleying and placing took a love game off Bekkeheld the lead 2-1 and again at 3-2. Bekkevold as he played the following an important game, with little care. He double faulted twice and found the net when he should not have, to yield the first set to Bose.

The second set was remarkable for a number of long rallies. Both men fought diligently. Bose at one stage held the lead 21- and again at 3-2. Bekkevold took a service game and robbed Bose of the next to make it 3-4. He again benefited by his service and Bose was behind 3-5. Bose took a grip on things and won the next four games in a row to win the set. 7-5, and the match. Much had been heard of Dilip Bose, he fully testified on Tuesday that he was worthy of all the praise critics had showered on him.

No one was inclined to say who would win when the Rasikumar of Wankaner and J. Charanjiva took the courts. The former had shown great prowess, and J. Charanjiva needed no introduction, and had put up really class tennis earlier in the tournament. He proved on Tuesday he was still equal to the best. He took the first set 6-3. Here, the Rasikumar of Wankaner began promisingly though, a good critic remarked that at this early stage Charanjiva was beating himself. He, however, got down to serious business. After this he often, beat his opponent with magnificent cross shots. He exploited his back hand fully and volleyed perfectly. Rasikumar of Wankaner played very well, but in patches. He could not maintain the same prowess throughout and at same stages played poor tennis. J. Charanjiva clashes with Bose today. It will be interesting to see what a really brilliant youngster will do against "a giant of the recent past." All fans anticipate a great match.

The mixed doubles final was a hard and drawn out affair, O. Sutton and Mrs. Johnstone getting the decision against A. C. Pereira and Mrs. Seddon, 9-7, 6-4, 6-4. Pereira and Partner fought dourly, but better tennis prevailed. Further, Mrs. Seddon has some weak points, which led to poaching by Pereira and the loss of points, sometimes at critical phases. Pereira did not spare himself and played himself to a standstill, doing his own duty and some more. Sutton and Mrs. Johnstone played complacent tennis, putting a lot of scheming behind their bid for victory, which they deservingly achieved.

Results:—

MEN'S SINGLES.

Semi-finals: Dilip K. Bose beat F. Bekkevold, 6-4, 7-5; J. Charanjiva beat Rasikumar of Kankaner, 6-3, 7-5.

MIXED DOUBLES.

Final:—O. Sutton and Mrs. Jhonstone beat A. C. Pereira and Mrs. Seddon, 7-9, 6-4, 6-4.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Semi-Final:—Mrs. Johnstone beat Mrs. Maine, 7-5, 6-2.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

Court No. 1—4-15 p.m.—Men's Doubles (Final): Rasikumar of Wankaner and F. Bekkevold vs. A. C. Pereira and F. Vakharia; 5 p.m. Men's Singles (Final) Dilip K. Bose vs. J. Charanjiva.

Court No. 2—4-15 p.m. Women's Singles (Final) Mrs. Johnstone vs. Miss P. de Lima; 5-0 p.m.—Women's Doubles (Final) Mrs. Johnstone and Mrs. Maine vs. Miss P. de Lima and Miss L. M. Merchant.

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League Hockey

YOUNG SPORTS OUTCLASSED

Customs Easily Earn Full Points

There was very little surprise at the result of the match in the First Division of the Bombay Hockey League played on Tuesday on the B.P.H.A. grounds. A big majority came to the game to see the Customs win. This they did, and convincingly. The winners out classed the Young Sports in every department of the game. Many felt that six love, rather than three love, would have been a more correct index of the run of things. This outlook is very correct, as, had it not been for Lynn, in goal, the Young Sports would have retired a trounced side.

The Customs should have opened their tally early in the game, but J. Pinto missed two perfect sitters. Eventually, the winners opened their score. A penalty corner was awarded the Customs and Aslam flashed in a hot shot. Lynn intercepted correctly. The pace of the ball caused a big rebound which Ansari reached and beat Lynn with a shot that gave him no chance. Before the interval Afzal increased the score he bettered Lynn surprisingly from the top of the "D."

After half-time the last nail in the coffin was driven home and the idea the Young Sports held very optimistically of being the League Champions was burried, for Nasir scored a third point, a goal that came as the first did.

The Customs won deservingly by three clear points. There was only one team in the picture on Tuesday the Customs.

War Fund Cricket

Prominent Player For Punjab Tournament

BHOPAL, Jan. 21.

Capt. Wazir Ali, the Muslims' Pentangular Skipper, has been invited to lead the Muslim team in "the Triangular" Cricket Tournament to be played in Amritsar from February 1 to February 7 in aid of the War Fund under the patronage of the Punjab Governor. The Rest, the Muslims and the Hindus have entered sides for the Tournament and a number of well-known All-India Cricketers are expected to be seen in action.

The Muslim side is expected to be drawn from the following: Wazir Ali, Nazir Ali, Mohd. Nissar, Jehangir Khan, Mushtaque Ali, Amir Elahi, Saeed Ahmed, Azmat Hyat Khan, Murrawwat Hussein, Mohammad Nazar, Abbas Khan and Masud Saladuddin.

It is learnt that C. K. Naidu is leading the Hindus who will be assisted in addition by C. S. Naidu, Amar Nath, Naoomal, Hindlekar, Prithviraj and Ram Prakash besides the best local Punjab talent.

It is further learnt that a number of Pentangular players have consented to play for the Rest who also are expected to put up a strong side.—A. P.

C. P. QUADRANGULA

Parsis And Christians Meet: Hazare Bowls Well: Aibara Collects 64

NAGPUR Jan. 21.

Playing against Christians in the C. P. Quadrangular Tournament to-day the Parsis playing first made 207 runs in their first innings which was completed shortly before tea. Chief scorers were E. Aibara 64, Amroliwala 40 and J. Khot 32. Hazare claimed seven wickets for 69.

When stumps were drawn for the day the Christians had made 62 for one wicket.

Scores:—

PARSIS (FIRST INNINGS.)

S. Pocha b Hazare	0
B. Irani c Mane b Hazare	11
E. Aibara lbw, b Hazare	64
R. Pocha c Waters by Mane	6
J. Khot (hit wicket) b Swete	32
M. Major run out	14
J. Irani c Salve b Hazare	10
D. Amroliwala c Shaw b Hazare	40
M. Mehta b Hazare	0
R. Poonagar c Chawan b Hazare	28
M. Batliwala (not out)	0
Extras	2
Total	207

Bowling analysis:—

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Hazare	2	2	69	7
Swete	13	3	46	1
Godferey	5	0	18	0
Mane	7	1	34	1
Gabriel	2	0	15	0
Chawan	7	1	15	0
Stacey	3	1	8	0

CHRISTIANS (FIRST INNINGS.)

L. Gabriel b Khot	0
A. Godrey (batting) z	41
E. Mane (batting)	19
Extras	2
Total (for one wkt.)	62

Khalsa College Win Championship

LAHORE, Jan. 21.

The Khalsa College, Amritsar, defeated the Government College, Lahore by one goal to nil this evening in the final of the Punjab University Hockey Championship.—A. P.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 33,28,549-3-3.

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 100 The Parsi Staff of the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co., Ltd. (monthly).

For the I.A.F.: Rs. 2,187-1-0 Through the Hon. Secretary, Jalgaon District War Committee, Jalgaon; Rs. 903-5-6 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Halol, Broach and Panch Mahal; Rs. 250 Mr. Devidas Madhowji Thackersey; Rs. 194-7-0 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Kalol, Broach and Panch Mahal; Rs. 189-2-0 Through the Treasury Officer, Belgaum; Rs. 104-1-0 Through the Treasurer, Defence Loan Sub-Committee, Belgaum; Rs. 100-9-0 The Staff of the Triangular Motors Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 78-9-0 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Guhagar, Ratnagiri District; Rs. 60 The Parsi Staff of the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co., Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 59 Through the Mamlatdar, Wagra, Broach and Panch Mahal.

Grand total: Rs. 37,34,454-5-9.

WIFE BURNT TO DEATH

Husband's Alleged Crime

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 21.

Because she was dark complexioned, a young girl is alleged to have been burnt to death in the early hours of the morning here by her husband. It is suspected that the husband was in love with another girl and wanted to get rid of his young unfortunate wife whom he apparently did not love. The girl was taken to hospital in a precarious condition where she soon died. In a dying declaration, the girl is reported to have made an allegation of forcible burning by her husband. The husband is absconding and the Police has issued a warrant for his arrest.

It appears that the husband tied her fast in bed, put kerosene oil on the quilt and set fire, preventing her from screaming by gagging. The girl, it appears, struggled hard to save her life. When the husband ran away her cries brought neighbours on the scene when the lower portion of her body was found seriously burnt and she was removed to the hospital.

V. J. T. I. STRIKE CONTINUES

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The strike in the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute continues to-day and though it is the sixth day since the students went on strike there is still no sign of any amicable settlement between the authorities and the students.

The students, however, are daily gaining sympathy from other colleges.

The Secretary of the V. J. T. Institute Hostel Union writes:—

Though the comments given by the various journals are in favour of our legitimate cause, they do not hesitate to blame us for the drastic step we have taken. So there is every need for us to place this case before the public in its true colour.

In the year 1928 Mr. Tatke, the head clerk of our institute, was the Superintendent of our hostel, who was not a hostel resident. He was appointed on a salary of Rs. 100 p.m. At that time one student by name Choudhary was the Secretary of the hostel. As he was a well-wisher of the hostel, he found that proper medical aid was not given to the residents; and so requested his friend, Dr. Ganti, to visit the hostel twice in a week. This was a charity service by Dr. Ganti and was continued for six months. In 1929 in the mass meeting held by the residents it was decided to have a regular medical service under the control of the Institute. Dr. Burley, our ex-Principal, appointed Dr. Ganti as the hostel doctor on Rs. 50 p.m.; and the doctor used to visit the hostel twice in a week and whenever it was deemed necessary. In 1930 the authorities requested Dr. Ganti to become the hostel superintendent as well as the hostel doctor. He refused this for the want of proper quarters. But soon the authorities advertised the need of a superintendent whom they wanted to be a medical man. In the meanwhile the students requested the authorities to give the hostel superintendentship to a staff member with an extra salary over and above his salary in the institute. This the authorities did not agree to and Dr. Joshi was appointed as the superintendent and doctor for the hostel; and he continued to hold the post till his death in September 1937.

After the death of Dr. Joshi the institute as well as the hostel suffered for a want of a doctor for about 3 years. Early in the year 1938-39 a superintendent was appointed who was a qualified physical instructor and a non-medical man. In the year 1939-40 the students of the hostel felt the necessity for a hostel union and it was formed, early in the first term of that year. This union was mainly intended for bringing about the redressal of some of our grievances. As soon as it was started in one of the meetings it was decided that a petition should be sent to the Board of the Directors, through the Principal for the installation of a telephone inside the hostel and for medical service. Before long, the authorities concerned, brought to our notice that they were willing to instal a telephone in the hostel, and asked our consent to pay Rs. 1/8 per annum per head. This we consented to; but nothing was stated or consulted about the medical service referred to in our petition.

All of a sudden one fine morning we found on the notice board that a doctor has been appointed and that all the hostellers should pay Rs. 7 per annum per head for the medical service. This was a shock to us who never dreamt of paying an extra sum of Rs. 7 over and above our hostel dues. In the hostel union we decided to approach the Board for the removal of this medical fee which was not at all customary for the students of the hostel in the preceding years. Before the termination of the first term of 1940, the Board put up a notice stating "For the sake of discipline you should pay the hostel dues together with the medical fee and in the next meeting we will consider your case thoroughly." Accordingly all the hostellers paid the hostel rent together with Rs. 3/8, the medical fee for the first term.

In the early part of last November, we found that the question of the medical fee was settled; and the settlement was to pay Rs. 7 per annum per head as stated in the past. The hostel union considered this and in spite of their repeated appeals for the removal of the medical fee, the Board never cared for that at all. But students found it necessary that they should approach the Board personally; but the outcome was that there was no chance of any help from them.

Now all our plans having shattered, we found the only method of impressing them is to organise a strike of all the students of the V. J. T. I. for the sake of the poor hostellers; and that started on Thursday, the 16th of January, 1941. Before the strike commenced we gave intimation to all the responsible authorities concerned that unless they relieve us of this medical fees we would not resume our normal duties in the institute. But we had no reply from them; and so the strike on Thursday and Friday went on with full vigour and determination; and not even a single student attended the institute. Even the outside students who had nothing to do with the hostel and the medical fee consented for the strike which was for a right and reasonable cause.

We are fully prepared and determined to continue the strike unless and until a definite reply in favour of us is given; and we fervently hope that all the students and public of Bombay will sympathise with us and support our noble and righteous cause.

"My Services At Your Disposal"

Sir Sikandar Ready To Help Settlement Of Communal Problem

LAHORE, Jan. 20.

"I whole-heartedly endorse Sir Jogendra Singh's appeal that the time has come when we must close our ranks and stand united in the face of common peril", said Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, in the course of a talk given to pressmen this evening, referring to the appeal made by Sir Jogendra Singh, former Minister of the Punjab, stressing the need for communal pact at yesterday's Khalsa Defence League Conference.

Continuing Sir Sikander said that so far as communal unity was concerned it had been his endeavour through the last four years to bring them close together and he had no hesitation in reiterating that his unstinted support and services were at the disposal of any individual or organisation endeavouring to bring the communities closer in the various spheres of life.

So far as the Punjab was concerned it was his fixed conviction that no single community could establish or hope to form a just and stable Government without the co-operation of all the various communities concerned.

TRAINING OF I.C.S PROBATIONERS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20.

The probationary training of I.C.S., probationers commenced at Dehra Dun on January 1, 1941. The training camp is in charge of Mr. L. G. Pinnell, C.I.E., I.C.S., the supervisor of the probationers.

There are 29 probationers who were recruited in 1940. Of these 11 are Indians reeruited by competition and nomination in India, and there are six Indians and 12 Europeans, who were recruited by selection in London.—A. P.

RESTRICTION OF 'BEEDI' IMPORTS INTO BURMA

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

The Government of Burma, it appears, have under consideration proposals for restricting imports of beedi into Burma by imposing a duty.

The proposal, it is apprehended in commercial circles here, will adversely affect beedi interests in Madras which exports to Burma beedies of the worth of Rs. 10 lakhs.

The Southern India Chamber of Commerce have represented to the Federation of Indian Chamber of Commerce to advise its representatives at the forthcoming Indo-Burma Trade Conference strongly to oppose the proposal. The beedi industry is carried on as a cottage industry in different parts of the province and gives employment to many poor men and women, particularly purdah women. According to the Southern Indian Chamber of Commerce, there are about two lakhs of workers engaged in rolling beedies.—United Press.

War-time Relief To Insurance Companies

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21

Relief is provided, in a bill published in a Gazette of India Extraordinary this evening, for young proprietory insurance companies whose business is relatively small and who as a result of falling business and lapsing of policies due to war conditions are finding it difficult to pay the fixed amounts of periodical instalments of deposits required by the insurance act.

The bill seeks to reduce, for the duration of the war and one year afterwards, the instalments of deposits due from such insurers carrying on life insurance business only, subject to the provision of certain safeguards to prevent advantage being taken of the concession to incur increased expenditure or liabilities of an unjustifiable nature.

This is one of the two bills which Government have announced their intention to introduce in the budget session of the Central Assembly.—A. P.

V. J. T. Institute Students' Strike

The Hon. Secretary, V. J. T. Institute Students' Union writes:—

The V. J. T. I. Students' strike continued to-day with the usual success, one and all, day students abstained from attending the classes. Absolute non-violent and peaceful atmosphere prevailed. There was a mammoth meeting of the students addressed by the General Secretary of B. P. S. F. and by the Secretary of Thana Students' Union, expressing their genuine sympathy with the legitimate demand of the V. J. T. students and assured sympathetic strikes for one day in all institutions of Bombay city to lend their wholehearted moral support to the cause well-known to the public by now. The V. J. T. Students reiterated their resolve freshly to carry out the strike to victory.

The pre-arranged procession of the students could not be taken out due to the refusal of permission by the police.

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

"What do you think?"

British To The Teeth

36

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1941

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JAPAN FRETS AND FUMES:

U.S. Urged To 'Avoid Risks Of World War'

And To Realise Her Responsibility!

Nippon Alarmed At America's Bold Policy

TOKIO, Jan. 21.

AN URGENT PLEA TO THE UNITED STATES TO "REFLECT DEEPLY ON HER ATTITUDE WITH TRULY GOD-FEARING PIETY" IN ORDER TO AVOID RISKS OF A WORLD WAR WHICH MIGHT "SPELL THE DOWNFALL OF CIVILISATION", WAS UTTERED BY THE JAPANESE FOREIGN MINISTER MR. MATSUOKA IN A FOREIGN POLICY SPEECH AT THE REOPENING OF THE DIET.

THE UNITED STATES, HE SAID, HAD BEEN FORCING A SUCCESSION OF EMBARGOES AND RESTRICTIONS ON EXPORTS TO JAPAN OF AIRCRAFT, ARMS, AMMUNITION, AVIATION SPIRIT AND OTHER IMPORTANT WAR MATERIAL.

THE BRITISH DOMINIONS AND COLONIES WERE INTERFERING IN VARIOUS WAYS WITH JAPAN'S SHIPPING.

"The Japanese Government had lodged protests against such actions on each occasion but this tendency has recently been so greatly aggravated that no other course is left to Japan but to go forward with the process of perfecting herself as a State highly organised for national defence.

The United States has evinced no adequate understanding of the fact that the establishment of a sphere of common prosperity throughout Greater East-Asia was a matter of special concern to Japan.

Respective Defence Lines

"SHE APPARENTLY ENTERTAINS THE IDEA THAT HER OWN FIRST LINE OF DEFENCE MUST LIE IN MID-ATLANTIC IN THE EAST, AND IN THE WEST NOT ONLY IN THE EASTERN PACIFIC BUT ALSO AS FAR AWAY AS CHINA AND THE SOUTH SEAS.

If the United States really assumed such an attitude it would, to say the least, be a very one sided assumption. I for one believe that such a position assumed by the United States could not be calculated to contribute towards the promotion of world peace.

SPEAKING FRANKLY I WOULD REGRET EXTREMELY THAT THE ATTITUDE OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SAKE OF JAPANESE-AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP, FOR THE SAKE OF PEACE IN THE PACIFIC AND FOR THE SAKE OF PEACE IN THE WORLD IN GENERAL.

IT IS MY EARNEST HOPE THAT THIS GREAT NATION EXERTING THE INFLUENCE THAT THE UNITED STATES LEGITIMATELY DOES EXERT WILL REALISE HER RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF PEACE AND REFLECT EARNESTLY ON HER ATTITUDE WITH TRULY GOD-FEARING PIETY, WILL COURAGEOUSLY LIQUIDATE PAST CIRCUMSTANCES AND WILL BEND HER EFFORTS TO THE UTMOST TO ALLAYING THE DANGER TO CIVILISATION.

Hell Will Be Let Loose

Should the United States unfortunately become involved in the European war and should Japan too be compelled to participate in that conflict, it would bring about another Great World War, both in name and reality, precipitating a situation that would defy all attempts to save it.

IF THE WAR SHOULD THUS TAKE A FURIOUS COURSE, UNLEASHING FORMIDABLE NEW WEAPONS WHICH HAVE NOT HITHERTO BEEN USED, NO ONE COULD GUARANTEE THAT IT WOULD NOT DEVELOP INTO A CONFLICT SPELLING THE DOWNFALL OF MODERN CIVILISATION".

The three-power pact, said Mr. Matsuoka had been concluded not only with a view to promoting efforts for spheres of common prosperity in a greater East Asia but of averting a further extension of the present disturbance. "We must endeavour to terminate the present war as speedily as possible.

Meanwhile, we must endeavour to discern some formula for the prevention of a recurrence of such a disturbance in future."

Duty As Leader Of Asia

JAPAN'S INTIMATE AND INSEPARABLE RELATIONSHIP WITH THE NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES AND FRENCH INDO-CHINA, AND HER INTEREST IN THE DISPUTE BETWEEN FRENCH INDO-CHINA AND THAILAND WERE ALSO ASSERTED BY THE FOREIGN MINISTER.

Referring to the Netherlands East Indies and French Indo-China Mr. Matsuoka said that the situation which had hitherto thwarted the development of natural relationship between Japan and these countries must be thoroughly remedied and good neighbourly relations secured.

Negotiations with Indo-China were proceeding in a friendly atmosphere at Tokio on the basis of the notes exchanged in August.

With regard to the Thailand-Indo-China dispute he said that a movement was stirring the Thai people for the recovery of lost territories. Japan, as the leader in East Asia could not afford to remain indifferent to such a dispute which he hoped would be settled at the earliest opportunity.

Unanimity With Axis Powers

Denouncing Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek's regime in China Mr. Matsuoka referred to the British and American loans to China and said that it was problematical what assistance Britain and America could actually afford in the present international situation.

Referring to the Axis he said that Japan's relations with Germany and Italy were becoming closer politically, militarily, economically and culturally.

Mr. Matsuoka recalled that in accordance with the terms of article three of the Axis Pact, Japan was under obligation to assist the partners if one was attacked by a power at present not involved in the war.

He hoped that friendly relations between Australia and Japan would contribute to peace in the Pacific.

Every effort was being made to remove misunderstandings with the Soviet Union and accomplish far-reaching fundamental adjustment of diplomatic relations.

He gave instances in this connection of the negotiations now proceeding regarding the demarcation of the Manchukuo-Outer-Mongolia frontier, fisheries, and the Japanese concessions in north Sakhlin and declared that some of these issues were now well on the way to achievement.—Reuter.

INDIA'S COASTAL DEFENCE

Men of the Royal Engineers who form part of the personnel for India's coastal defences about to move off to their station of duty.

(Left) The men who 'man' the lights with one of their charges. These men are part of India's coastal defence forces. (Right) On coast defence duty these men of the Indian Army are engaged in anti-aircraft training with an automatic weapon.

Mikado Congratulates Roosevelt!

TOKIO, Jan. 20

It was disclosed to-day that the Emperor of Japan sent a message of congratulation to President Roosevelt on his inauguration for his third term of office as President.—Reuter

NEW AMERICAN AMBASSADOR TO GREAT BRITAIN.

Recent portrait of Mr. John G. Winant, former Director of the International Labour Office at Geneva, who has been appointed American Ambassador to Great Britain.

U. S. AMBASSADOR TO BRITAIN

Former I. L. O. Chief, Winant Said To Have Been Selected

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.

Messages from Washington corroborate last week's forecasts that Mr. Winant would be chosen Ambassador to Britain. Mr. Winant is said to have been accepted by the British Government. President Roosevelt, the messages add, had decided that Mr. Winant had the respect of all classes of people and would make an ideal diplomat under the present trying conditions. Mr. Winant's name is likely to go to the Senate in a few days and an early confirmation is expected.

Later editions of the "New York Times" published a cable from London saying that it was learned that Mr. J. G. Winant, former Head of the International Labour Office, had been selected as Ambassador to London and that it was expected that Mr. Winant would be accompanied by a businessman as Minister.—Reuter.

WHAT WILLKIE WILL DO IN ENGLAND

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.

"I know nothing of it" Mr. Wendell Willkie told reporters when questioned about reports that he might be appointed Ambassador in London. Mr. Willkie then flew to Washington for his talk with Mr. Cordell Hull "before setting out for Britain to accept any possibility" in the European war. except eventual British victory. He added that while he is in Britain he hoped to gather information concerning the effects which the end of the war might have on British and American economy.—Reuter.

DE GAULLE'S MESSAGE TO INDIA

LONDON. Jan. 20.

Gen. de Gaulle, Leader of the Free French Forces, when approached to give a message for India, said:

"I FEEL AND BELIEVE FERVENTLY THAT THIS WAR IS A CRITERION FOR ALL PEOPLE ALL OVER THE WORLD. THE FUTURE OF EVERY NATION WILL BE DETERMINED BY THE PART SHE PLAYS IN THIS WAR. IN THIS STRUGGLE INDIA IS IN A POSITION TO DO A GREAT DEAL. I WILL NOT SAY MORE THAN THAT. GOOD LUCK TO YOUR COUNTRY."

Re-Birth Of Swadeshi Education

Arundale's Plea At Calcutta Meeting

CALCUTTA, Jan. 20.

"There is little hope for the future of India in every field of activity until there is a re-birth of her essential swadeshi education," said Dr. G. S. Arundale, president of the Theosophical Society in reply to felicitations accorded to him at a public meeting held this evening at the University Institute Hall.

Dr. Arundale emphasised the need for the adoption of a new system of education which would not be anything new, but would be as ancient as India herself. The pillars of this new education must be the individual and must be within the home in which the individual functioned and lived.

This new system of education could be brought about by one or two fiery souls who saw much ahead of the present and who could look into the future.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

The "Morning Standard" is to suspend publication for the period of the war, says an announcement appearing in that paper. But why only for the period of the war? Think of what this city will be like without its (local) Walter Winchell. Think of those hungry women we read about, without a sponsor, of Colaba Causeway continuing to be a den of vice (of which we also remember reading) and of fifth carbon copies of Teddy Weatherford running wild while the poor, tormented Japanese are yelling for lebensraum and a loaf of bread! (Curtain. Exit tongue from cheek).

* * *

I have just received a circular stating that the Progressive Group, I once believed to be a politico-social society, has evolved itself into a club of dramatic art. They are soon producing "Overruled" by B. Shaw and "Villa for Sale" by Sacha Guitry. G. B. Shaw is, I presume, the gentleman in the Port Trust.

* * *

I have just found a notebook at one of Bombay's leading clubs. It has many notations and memoranda. I have no means of identifying the owner but the following is a sample of what it contains:

Dec. 1, want ad for new stenog .....5|-.
Dec. 6, salary, new stenog 100|-
Dec. 7, flowers for new stenog ..... 5|8.
Dec. 9, salary for new stenog ..... 125|-
Dec. 10, luncheon for self and stenog ..... 9|8.
Dec. 15, roses for Miss .... 7|-
Dec. 16, salary for new stenog ..... 150|-
Dec. 17, magazines, box of chocolates etc. for new stenog 15|8.
Dec. 20, candy for wife .. -|12.
Dec. 22, taxi on a|c rain, Miss M. ..... 19|8.
Dec. 23, wrist watch, new stenog ..... 200|-.
Dec. 24, salary, new stenog 300|-.
Dec. 25, salary, new stenog 350|-.
Dec. 29, diamond ring for wife ..... 900|-.
Dec. 30, want ad, male stenog ..... 5|-.

Will any gentleman to whom this may belong, kindly apply for it?

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

NUDE BUT HAPPY

BIENA I TAKE OUT YOUR SUITS TO MAKE ROOM FOR MYSELF! I WANT SO MUCH TO COME TO AMERICA!
HE LEFT ALL MY CLOTHES BEHIND!-BIENA, CAN YOU SWIM?
© McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

BANANA BOAT MYSTE RY

N-NO-NO! I CANNOT SWIM- NOT EVEN A WITTLE BIT!
AH WELL! TO ACCEPT WITH A SMILE WHATEVER HAPPENS IS IMPORTANT LESSON IN LIFE!
Alfred Andriola

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.